



GEN



5

Gc 977.201 Sh4s
Shelby County Civil War
Centennial Committee
Shelby County in the Civil
War

Y

IN THE CIVIL WAR





SHELBY COUNTY IN THE CIVIL WAR



Published as a public service by the Shelby County
Civil War Cenntennial Committee

SHELBYVILLE, INDIANA

CONTENTS

Introduction	3
General History	0
Roster of Volunteers	5
Regimental Histories	6
The Seventh Indiana — 90 Days 2	6
The Sixteenth Indiana — One Year's Service	7
The Eighteenth Regiment - Three Years	9
The Twenty-First Regiment, Indiana Volunteers 3	1
The Thirty-Third Regiment — Three Years 3	3
The Fifty-First Indiana Regiment — Three Years 3	6
The Seventieth Indiana — Three Years	9
The Seventy-Ninth Indiana 4	1
The One Hundred Twenty-First Regiment (Ninth Cavalry) 48	3
The One Hundred Thirty-First Regiment (Thirteenth Cavalry) 4	4
The One Hundred and Thirty-Second Regiment — 100 Days 4	6
Maps of Shelby County in 1866	6
St. Paul and Waldron 4	7
Shelbyville	9
Morristown and Marietta 5	0
Smithland and Cynthian5	1
Norristown and Middletown 5	2
Fairland and London 5	3
Flat Rock, Geneva and Freeport5	4
Pleasant View and Marion 5	5
Needham, Fountaintown and Mt. Auburn 5	6



BRIGHTYPE & LITHO BY TIPPECANOE PRESS INC., SHELBYVILLE, INDIANA

INTRODUCTION

The Shelby County Civil War Centennial Committee takes pride in presenting this brief pamphlet covering the Civil War period of our County's history, as a part of our contribution to the Civil War Centennial Commemoration program instituted by our National Government. It is hoped this pamphlet will be interesting and informative, and perhaps will further stimulate in the reader a deeper interest in the Civil War period of our Country's history. We wish to urge all those who may have dairies, letters, and other documents of interest pertaining to this period, to bring them to the attention of the Committee, or to the Indiana State Library, in order that they may be microfilmed or otherwise preserved.

The first section of this pamphlet gives a brief and very general history of Shelby County during the Civil War period. Our remarks concerning the activities of the home folks during the time of the Rebellion are necessarily limited, but we trust are sufficient to give the reader an idea of the trying times which were their lot during that turbulent period a hundred years ago.

In the second section we have endeavored to list the names of all the men who entered the Union Armies from Shelby County, together with their terms of service, and the Company and Regimental organizations to which they were assigned. We have appended short Regimental histories of those Indiana regiments to which Shelby County furnished a goodly number of men, with the thought in mind that descendents of these soldiers would get from these histories a general idea of the service performed by their forefathers, especially as regards the battles in which they participated, and the areas over which they traveled and fought.

The final section of this publication is devoted to a series of maps of all the towns and hamlets in Shelby County. These maps bear the date of 1866, and are the earliest which we have found. They have been reproduced from a large map furnished the Committee by Mr. Harry McCrea, of Hendricks Township, whose kindness is gratefully acknowledged.

The Shelby County Civil War Centennial Committee:

Judge Harold Barger, Honorary Chairman.

John R. Wetnight, Chairman William Breedlove, Vice-Chairman.

Mrs. Walter Wintin, Secretary-Treasurer.





WHAT'S IN A NAME

(Photo By Bob Brant)

Of all the Union soldiers entering the ranks from Shelby County, none had a more thrilling experience than Jack Flinn, captain of Co. F, 51st Indiana. Captured with his regiment in the Spring of 1863, he was lodged in Libby Prison. While there, he was sentenced to death in retaliation for the alleged wrongful execution of Confederate officers by a Northern general. For a short time Flinn's case was a subject for discussion throughout the land, and the highest authorities, North and South, gave consideration to it. After a few anxious days, Jack Flinn's sentence was stayed, and in the Spring of 1864 he was exchanged. He came home to Shelbyville to a hero's welcome, and rounds of parties were held in his honor. Jack Flinn was a popular figure in this community for the rest of his short life. He died in 1872 at the untimely age of 38, and is buried in the old City Cemetery.

GENERAL HISTORY

In 1861 Shelbyville, from a comparative standpoint, was possibly a more thriving and lively community than it is to-day. The 1860 census gave the population of this county seat town of Shelby County as 1960 inhabitants, and this was larger than the numbers listed for all the county seat towns in adjoining counties, except Indianapolis in Marion County. Then it was about one-tenth the size of our State Capital, whereas now it would be about one-fortieth the size of Indianapolis. The figures for the Counties were comparatively much the same as for the cities, since Shelby County reported a larger population than any adjoining county save Marion County, in 1860.

At this time, there were no less than three different railroads passing through the city, although one of them, the Edinburg to Knightstown Railroad, a lateral branch of the Madison and Indianapolis Railroad, had to cease operations during the War. The rails were taken up and used for military purposes in the South. The busiest railroad was the Cincinnati-Indianapolis line, but the road from Columbus to Rushville via Shelbyville seemed to do very well too, for in those days it maintained regular passenger service in addition to the hauling of freight. Passenger schedules were printed frequently in the newspapers of the day.

The condition of the roads throughout the County, however, was quite poor. In 1850, there were only dirt roads, but by the middle of the following decade, private investors formed toll road companies and began to build a number of toll roads, all radiating from Shelbyville to various smaller communities. Oddly enough, in 1860 there were no bridges on these roads, not even over the Big Blue River just north of Shelbyville, and all passages over the streams at this time were by means of fords. In fact, the first bridge built in the County was constructed over Blue River at the little town of Marietta in 1861, and this was done by public subscription, at a cost of \$550.00. There was no bridge over Big Blue north of Shelbyville until 1867. By that time people had become fully conscious of the need for these structures, and many bridges were shortly thereafter constructed over the principal streams in the County.

It is hard for us to-day to envision what life was like in 1860 in Shelby-ville, but perhaps our imaginations can be helped a little bit by realizing what the people in those days did NOT have. No electricity, that came in 1887; no waterworks, that came in 1886; no paved streets until 1904; no street lights until 1874, when gas was installed; no hospital in the modern sense. The closest approach to this type of establishment was a so-called hospital built three-fourths of a mile to the southeast of the City, an eighteen by twenty-four foot building which actually was a pest-house where people with contagious diseases were confined. Illumination was furnished by kerosene lamps, or candles, and wood was practically the only fuel. The horse, of course, provided the principal means of transportation.

Shelbyville had been incorporated as a City in 1850. The Mayor was the only salaried official, and he received the yearly sum of \$200. The City Hall,

and the Post Office, were located on Harrison Street north of the Public Square. City Councilmen were paid fifty cents per session, and since they met but twice a month it could scarcely be said that they got rich off their jobs. The City Clerk and Town Marshall received their pay entirely out of fees and fines. The Town Marshall sometimes doubled as a kind of Street Commissioner, and was paid for doing work on the streets and board walks that were maintained by the City in the business district. Shelbyville had no Fire Department until 1899, and no Police Department until 1902.

In 1860 there were at least forty churches holding forth throughout the County, and oddly enough, there were about the same number of doctors, although a few of these doctors served as part-time ministers. There were about one hundred school houses in the County, most of which were one-room brick construction. Higher education was served up at the Morristown Academy in Morristown, and the Boggstown Academy in the village of Boggstown, and the Shelbyville Academy, located where the Charles Major School now stands. The Masonic Lodge had six different lodges in the County, located in Shelbyville, Pleasant View, Morristown, Fairland, Waldron, and Norristown. The Odd Fellows had chapter lodges at Shelbyville, Waldron, and Marietta.

Shelby County could properly boast of one of the nation's leading political figures in the person of Thomas A. Hendricks, although he had moved to Indianapolis early in 1860. Mr. Hendricks had been defeated in the race for Governor in 1860. However, in later years he served this office twice, after a term in the United States Senate, and eventually he was elected Vice-President of the United States, where he died in office after a short period of service. He was a power in the Democratic Party for many years. Lesser lights in the Democratic Party of Shelby County in 1860 were Martin M. Ray, an outstanding attorney who moved to Indianapolis in the early sixties, Thomas McFarland, an attorney who served in the State Legislature for a time, and Reuben Spicer, editor of the NATIONAL VOLUNTEER, a weekly newspaper controlled by the county Democratic organization.

While City elections in this period went in favor of the Republicans the County vote was invariably in favor of the Democratic party. This is no doubt the reason that there were no Republicans from Shelby County enjoying statewide recognition in those years, — as indeed there have been few prominent members of the Republican Party in the history of the County. The two Republican mayors of Shelbyville during the Civil War period were James Elliott, who served from 1860 to 1863, and James E. McGuire, who served from 1863 to 1867.

The Republican Party had as its official organ the SHELBYVILLE BANNER, but unfortunately it had to suspend operations early in 1861. It renewed publication for a time in the year 1864, but shortly again had to suspend. Unfortunately none of the issues for the year 1864 have been found.

As heretofore stated, the organ of the Democratic Party was the NATIONAL VOLUNTEER, a weekly paper edited by an able newspaperman by the name

of Reuben Spicer. Practically all of the issues of this paper are still available, and from them we have gleaned the details of many unusual incidents in the local history of those times.

The Civil War period was a time of great turmoil throughout our country, and as for Shelbyville and Shelby County, there were certainly more violent deaths, robberies, fights, brawls, public disturbances and mob violence of different sorts, and general misbehavior of report for the years 1861-1865 than for any similar period of the County's history; — one is tempted to say almost as much mayhem as the sum total of all such offenses committed before and since, but this would make a somewhat debatable statement. The War of course was the indirect cause of much of all this misbehavior, because people everywhere were emotionally disturbed by the issues of secession, emancipation of the negro, the draft laws, political campaigns and issues, military rule under provost marshalls, activities of the Knights of the Golden Circle, and all the unusual problems, uncertainties, and hardships generated by the Great Conflict. Liquor was the torch that in most cases caused these emotions to burst into flame, sometimes with dire results.

There must have been a lot of liquor consumed by the citizenry in those times, — mostly corn whiskey. One reads an advertisement in the VOLUNTEER advertising whiskey, "of high proof and excellent quality" for a price of twenty-five cents per gallon. Editor Spicer says there were no less than a dozen saloons in the City of Shelbyville, and by means of a rather complicated set of arguments he deduced that each drinking man in the City consumed no less than eighteen and three-fourths gallons, or a half-barrel, of whiskey, per year. The amount of money spent for liquor exceeded, by several thousand dollars, the amount raised by taxation for the support of schools.

Vices of other sorts must have caused the city fathers some worries, for in July, 1861, the City Council passed a rather lengthy "Ordinance, to Protect the Decency, Morality, and Good Order of the City." This ordinance contained fifteen separate clauses, about half of which pertained to the vice of prostitution. Burglary and theft, and petty larcenies, were reported in many issues of the VOLUNTEER. Perpetrators of these crimes included all ages, from boys of tender years who could and did frequent the vilest dens of iniquity, and were sometimes caught in petty thefts, to the professional robber who trafficked in stolen horses, committed hold-ups or robbed stores of their cash or wares, — and who were seldom caught. Horse stealing was probably the most serious crime of theft; it was not unusual for a dozen or so of horses to be reported stolen within a period of one week.

Saturday was the big shopping day, and Shelbyville on that day was usually crowded with people, looking over the sidewalk displays and giving attention to vendors of all kinds hawking their wares. This was a day punctuated by street fights, dog fights, dogs running through town with tin cans tied to their tails, put there by boys enjoying "canninish amusement"; It was further enlivened by an occasional run-away horse, bringing danger, as well as excitement

SHELBY COUNTY CIVIL WAR

to all those in its path. This was the day when most of the political rallies were held, attended always with much acrimonious discussion and partisan bitterness, and frequent physical violence.

Many times citizens were aroused to such extents that mobs were formed, but they seldom were guilty of gross violence. Undoubtedly the biggest brawl ever to take place in Shelbyville occurred on Saturday, September 14, 1861. Let us quote the story directly as it was reported in the VOLUNTEER; —

"A Fight. Our City was the scene of one of the largest and liveliest fights on Saturday afternoon last that has occurred hereabouts within the memory of the 'oldest inhabitant'. We believe it originated from a fellow named Scott, living in Jackson Township, hurrahing for Jeff Davis, which at once fired both the patriotism and indignation of the boys. The Marshall, to save him from injury and prevent a row, arrested Scott and was proceeding towards the Mayors office, when some of his companions interfered and attempted his rescue - this gave rise to a disturbance and in a very few minutes the fight became general and promiscuous, nearly or quite fifty men being engaged - those who had the misfortune to get knocked down presented a most sorry spectacle as they arose to their feet dripping with mud and gore - it having rained throughout the day the roads were decidedly soft. Several were quite seriously injured by being hit with rocks, false 'knucks' and slung shots - especially a man named DeHart, who received a most frightful gash in the forehead, which Dr. Day found considerable trouble in dressing so as to stop the profuse bleeding. Ephriam Tucker, was hit on the jaw by a rock, and badly injured, although not engaged in the fight - but flying rocks are no respecter of persons.

For a time the scene was truly frightful, and apprehensions that serious consequences would ensue were rife, but to the surprise of all neither pistols nor knives were brought into requisition".

Morgan's raid into southern Indiana in the early part of the July, 1863, was the cause of considerable excitement and apprehension in the City of Shelbyville. Fears were expressed that the Rebel leader intended to make Indianapolis his goal, and if true, Shelbyville quite likely would have been in his path. Intensive preparations were made to meet the foe, the forces being organized by Mayor James E. McGuire, who had been Captain of Co. F. 51st Indiana, but had resigned his commission early in the year 1862. There was no issue of the VOLUNTEER for July 16, 1863, because all hands were occupied with problem of repelling the invader. An interesting sidelight developed when eighteen of Morgan's men who had been taken prisoners were lodged overnight in the County jail. Quite a number of the townspeople strenuously objected to the feeding of these prisoners in the local constabulary, alleging that such an act was an unpatriotic use of public funds. It should be explained, perhaps, that the eighteen prisoners were not captured by local forces, who never got

close to the enemy, but were in fact taken by Union regulars down along the Ohio River.

During the year 1863 the Knights of the Golden Circle were very active in the State of Indiana, and while no proof is now available, it would seem that this organization had at least some support in Shelby County. Certain it is that the Democratic Party supplied this organization with all its members, and Democratic Party was unusually strong in Shelby County. Many acts of violence occurred when someone was accused of belonging to that organization, or strongly suspected of belonging. Actually, the Knights were not as treasonable as is commonly supposed, particularly as regards the activities of local chapters. It was not unusual for members of the "fair sex" to get so involved in political arguments as to attempt to resolve the differences of opinion by resorting to fisticuffs.

Some incidents, however, took a decidedly serious turn. Witness the following:

- 1. In March, 1863, a political argument between William Sills and Alfred Huston, in the village of Blue Ridge (then called Cynthian) developed into a fight during which Sills was stabbed and killed.
- 2. In April, 1863, a soldier by the name of Robert Norvell was shot and killed by a Southern sympathizer, in downtown Shelbyville, following an argument.
- 3. In June, 1863, a deserter from the 33rd Indiana Regiment was surrounded by a group of soldiers and mortally wounded as he tried to escape. This took place near the south edge of the City.
- 4. In the same month, June of 1863, near Manilla, a deputy provost marshall, by the name of Frank Stevens, and his assistant, a Mr. Craycraft, were ambushed and killed by seven persons who arose from a wheat field nearby and fired upon them, as they were about to serve some draft papers.

Many other incidents involving gunplay and sundry acts of violence might well be reported here, if space permitted. Perhaps, however, we have reported enough to indicate the turmoil prevailing locally during this trying period.

In spite of all this, the contributions of the citizens of Shelby County to the Union cause were truly adequate and worthy of much praise. Shelby was among the first counties in the State to enroll a company of men and send them into battle. These men fought in the 7th Indiana in the Battle of Phillippi, the first land battle of the Civil War. Shortly afterwards one of these men, with the ordinary name of John Smith, was killed in a skirmish near Bealington, Virginia. So Shelby County was likewise one of the first counties to have a battle casualty. Smith was the fourth man from the State of Indiana to lose his life in battle.

As the year 1861 progressed and the war increased in intensity, Shelby County continued to pour men into the Union ranks. By August of that year, no less than five full companies, and parts of two others, had been turned out.

SHELBY COUNTY CIVIL WAR

The first Union man to lose his life in battle in the State of Kentucky was from Shelby County. His name was Lewis McFerran, from the vicinity of Marietta. He was a member of Co. F, 33rd Indiana, and he lost his life in the Battle of Wildcat, Kentucky, Oct. 21, 1861.

In all, Shelby County had 3120 enlistments, of which only 323 came in under the draft, the remainder being volunteers. Of course, some of the men re-enlisted, perhaps on occasion more than once, but still it is safe to say that there were about 2500 men entering the service at one time or another. During the late World War II Shelby County had about 3000 enlistments altogether, male and female, so when one takes into account the difference in population figures for the two periods, it isn't hard to conclude that Shelby County did indeed give full support to the Union cause during the Civil War period.

During the Civil War Shelby County men found their ways into all branches of the service, and fought in almost all theatres of war. The majority of them, however, fought in the States of Kentucky, Tennessee, Mississippi, and Georgia. Large numbers of them were with General Sherman in his campaign for Atlanta, and many of these participated in the now famous March to the Sea. It was in these campaigns, of course, that most of the battle casualties involving Shelby County men occurred. Over 200 men lost their lives in the conflict, with less than one-fourth of this number being killed in battle, the balance succumbing to disease. During World War II Shelby County suffered about 80 fatalities, but of course disease was not much of a factor by this time.

The reader is referred to local history books for further details of this period of Shelby County history. Your Centennial Committee welcomes any inquiries that may be directed to it, and wishes to express its appreciation to all those who have lent assistance. On the following pages are over 1500 volunteers from Shelby County. Information is listed in this order — Name, Rank, Company, Regiment, Date Mustered In and Date Mustered Out.



One Civil War practice that seems most odd to us to-day was that of allowing drafted men to furnish substitutes. This number of men who avoided war service in this manner was not large, but it could scarcely be said that it was unusual for a man to take advantage of this privilege. The advertisement appearing herewith, published in the National Volunteer for Jan. 26, 1865, sheds an interesting sidelight on this phase of our local Civil War history.



Editor Spicer comments:

"Come In Out of the Draft." "In another column is an advertisement of the Indiana Draft Insurance Company. Mr. Noble, the President, and all concerned with the Company are reliable and honorable. The terms of the insurance will but be little if any higher than is usually paid into 'clubs', and if drafted you have no trouble looking up a substitute, the Company attending to this for you. If we had not been so fortunate as to draw a prize in the last draft, we should certainly take a policy of exemption in this Company. K. M. Hord is the local agent."

Editorial Note:

In the issue of the Volunteer for Sept. 5, 1867, Editor Spicer says he was conscripted in the fall of 1864, but friends of his put up \$710 and he himself added \$215, making a total of \$925, to pay a substitute to take his place in the Army.

															_												_
Out	5-23-62 5-18-62 9-18-64 6- 8-65	5-18-62 9-8-65	9-18-64 7-21-65	2-18-66	7-23-61	11-19-61	1- 8-65		6- 8-65 8-29-64	8-31-65	2-27-65	12 - 13 - 65 $7 - 20 - 64$	10-07-1	6-30-63	11-18-65	9- 5-65 8-31-65	9-25-64	5-23-62	9-19-64	3-23-62 10- 2-62	5-23-62	5-23-62	7-23-61	5-23-62	8-11-65	7-23-61	6- CO-6
In	4-23-61 2- 1-62 5-18-64 12-22-63	2- 1-62 2- 2-65	2-20-64 2-20-64	4-23-01	4-23-61	16-61		12- 8-61 12-23-63	8- 3-62 8- 7-62	2- 8-65	7-23-62	12-14-61	70-07-1	9- 2-62 2- 9-65	29-64		1- 9-64	4-23-61	9-16-61	4-23-01 8- 4-62	4-23-61	4-23-61	4-23-61	12- 2-61	2- 4-65	4-23-61	co-oz-I
Co. Reg.		52 146	33	A 10	C 7	D 33		51	F 70	146	22	51	sek)	E 79 I 148			H 121), H 16		B 70				16	147	4 D C	C 148
Name	Ballard, Chapman, Pvt. Ballard, Chapman, Pvt. Ballard, George W., Pvt. Ballard, Stenhen Pvt.		Banister Seneca L., Mus.	Barger, Frillip, FVL. (Died, Columbus, Ohio) Barger, George W. Pvt	James W., John W.	(Killed, Okolona, Miss.) Barger, Thomas H., Pvt.*	(Died, London, Ky.) Barlow, James W., Capt.	Barlow, Wm. T., Sgt. Barnes, Wm., Pvt.	Barngrover, Alfred, Corp. Barngrover, Daniel, Pvt.	Barns, Sampson, Pvt.	Bassett, Jeremian, Fvt. Bassett, Oliver J., Pvt.		(Killed, Peach Tree Cre	Baxley, Thomas, Pvt.				Killed, Sulphur Trestle) Beebe, Marcus, Pvt.	Beergan, James, Pvt.	Beller. Abraham. Pvt.	Bennett, David H., Pvt.	Bennett, James C., Corp.	Bennett, Jeremiah B., Pvt.	Rennett John I Dut	Bicknell, James H., Pvt.		Birden, Charles, Fvt.
Out	5-28-64 6- 8-65 1- 2-65		5-23-62	6-30-63	. 10.	6-5-65 12-13-65		6-8-65 6-8-65	11-27-62	1-26-65	12-11-61	9-8-65	6-29-63	8-15-65	6-8-65	9-5-65	7-13-64	4-15-64	8-28-64	8-13-65 7-21-65	9-19-64	6-30-65	2-29-64	? ? ? ? 7.91.65	9-20-62	9- 5-65	29-82-6
eg. In	0 12-25-63 0 7-17-62 0 19-23-63			9 9- 2-62 9 9- 2-62 9 3- 7-64				0 7-23-62 0 7-22-62		1 11-23-62	5 4-23-61	-								2 2-13-65 2 11-11-64		2-29-64		4 1-16-64		8 1-13-65	10-52-4
Co. Reg	*B 70 B 70		C 4		K 21			F 20		H 121	H 16	G 146		D 148	F 7	G 148 H 16	H 121		E 132	J U	i iii D	I 131	_	C 124		G 148	i i
Name	Angleton, Francis M., Pvt.*B (Died of Wounds, Resaca) Angleton, Robert, Sgt. B		Antle, John, Pvt. Antle, Robert, Pvt.	Apples, Cyrus. Fvr. Applegate, Jeremiah, Pvt. Applegate Thomas Pvt		Archibald, Samuel, Pvt. Arnold, Wm. H Pvt.	Arthur, James M., Pvt.* (Died, Murfreesboro)	Arthur, Wm. Jr., Pvt. Aydelett, Henry, Pvt.	Aydelett, Joseph W., Pvt.* (Died. Scottsville, Kv.)		(Died in Service) Aye, John, Pvt.	Ayers, Benjamin, Pvt.	Ayres, Marion, Pvt.	Badger, Milton J., Pvt.* (Died Columbia Tenn)	Badgley, David, Pvt.	Badgley, John, Pvt.	(Died in Service)	Badgley, Henry, Pvt.* (Died in Service)	Mil	Badger. Thornton. Pvt.	Bailey, Alfred, Pvt.	Bailey, Fortune L., 2nd Lt.		Baker, James E., Pvt.	Lewis .	Bales, Amos, Pvt.	Bales, Benjamin F., Pvt.
Out	7-21-65 8-28-65 7-23-61	11- 8-62	8-30-62	6-20-63	6-0-6	7-21-65 5-23-62	9- 3-64 8-28-64	7-21-65	6-8-65	11- 1-62	5-23-62	8-28-64	3-16-63	2-24-65	11-18-65	1-18-62	8-28-64	11-18-65 9-5-65	1-19-64	9- 8-62 10-29-64	6- 7-65	9- 5-65	7-21-65	7-23-61		9-13-04	
In	1-24-64 8-16-61 4-23-61			8- 4-62		3-20-03 12-31-63 4-23-61	5-24-64 5-18-64	12-23-63 9- 6-62	7-23-62	8-26-62	4-23-61	5-18-64		1- 9-64	1- 1-64	8-16-61	5-11-05	12-23-63 2-17-65	1-16-64	9-16-61 12-23-63	9- 2-62	2- 9-65	1-24-64	4-23-61	7-23-62	1-23-02	
Co. Reg.	C X 33	51		B 70 (11 140		K 134 E 132	B 70 I 51	고 70	F 70	Ky.) H 16		E 79	H 121	I 131	K- 18	E 132	I 131 C	_	113		D 148		C 20			
Name	Aaron, Allen, Pvt. Adams, Ben., Cpl. Adams, Charles L., Pvt.	Adams, Dr. David, Asst. Surg.	en,	Adams, John H., Pvt.* (Died, LaVergne, Tenn.)	Adams, Dr. Marcellus,	Adams, Sylvester, Pvt. Adams, Wm. A., Pvt.	Addison, David, Pvt. Akers, Joseph, Pvt.	Albright, John F., Pvt. Aldridge. James. Pvt.*	(Killed. Stone's River)	Pvt.*	(Died, Bowling Green, Allen, Larken, Pvt.	Allen, Stephen, Capt.	Allenthorp, Joe, Pvt.	Allison, Wm., Pvt.*	Alyea, Albert, Sgt.	Amerman, Tom, Pvt.	Amos, Thomas, Pvt.	Amos, Wm. T., Pvt. Wgr. Anderson. Geo. M., Pvt.	Anderson, John, Pvt.	Anderson, John B., Fvt.* (Died Louisville Kv.)	Anderson, Perry, Pvt.	Anderson, Richard, Pvt.	Anderson, Terren, Fvt. Anderson, Tom, Pvt.		John L.	Andrews, John W., Fvt.* (Killed, Resaca)	

							_		• •			``			_																						
Out	7-21-65 6-18-65	as Corp.	5-23-62	11- 5-61) ; ; Disabled	9- 6-65	6-18-65	Disabled	12-14-64	61	1		9-8-65 6-18-65	19-19-61	10.11-11		8- 2-65		7- 4-65	7-21-65	2 2 2	666	9- 5-64	000	1-20-03	7-21-65	2- 2-65	000	5-23-62 9-28-64	9-28-64	8-28-65	as Sgt.	3-16-63 7-23-61	5-23-62	9-5-65 8-5-65	1-13-65
In	3-22-64 $10-12-64$	M.O. a		4-23-61	10 0	12- 8-01 T	9-26-64		A T		8-10-61 9-16-61		2-20-64	2- 1-65	9-20-03	10-01-0	12-23-63			12- 8-61	10, 1-64	11-20-63	9-16-61	9- 2-63		9-10-01-6	12 - 2 - 63	12-23-63		12- 2-61 5-18-64	5-18-64	1- 9-64	M.O.	9- 2-62 4-23-61	4-23-61	2-13-65 0 26 64	9-20-0 1 12- 8-61
Reg.	33	21	16	16		0.1	26	42			33 8		13	148 49	7 6	3		121		21	33			21	_ 6	32 70			Tenn.)	139	132	121	2	7	16	148 148	21.
Co. Reg	Ω	T 131	Ή	H		-	—	· –	ı		40		ر د	_ 5-		ئ ب		_	되,	_		a D	D 33	H 1	_	₹ 1-		~			田田	H 1	Ē	ЭO		-	- H
	.:			*.			Rec	;				Ky.)				Ky.)	1		ic.			نِہ	نب		Pri				tain	ŧ	;					:	
	Rec	+	نه >	Pvt	ca)							rd,			* + 4.	rd.		vt.	gny (· آن	(S)	F/Lt.	Sgt.			Vt.	ن		un	Dut	+		+	Fvt.	1	ن ک اب	
		מ	vt.	Ξ,	ene	٧٢.	₿	: : ند		ئې		cha	vt.	. Q	ם כי	', t cha	<u>ن</u>	ў. Р	ج. ا	P.	lear 'ant	ά V		vt.*	ovij I	ئے: ہر	Re Re	*	M		vt.	نہ			r	_	₹. ₹.
	ah , 3., F	ט ד	יי מקק	ert'	o V	ت بر	Ю	P.	1	P _V	`\. \.t.	Ö	ان	$\frac{Pvt}{r}$	4. y.	or G	Re	lius	as F	nes,	5) :		т. Д	rsoi	≓	֓֞֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֝֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֝֜֜֜֝֓֓֜֜֝֜֜֜֝֜֜֝֜֜֜֝֜֜	Rec	out	ec.	Ó,	PV	F -	l Pvt	vt.	$\frac{1}{5}$	is, E
	No er E	Commod	ohr	Robert T., Pvt	Camp Seneca	onn	٠	ter,		hn,	գ. ԴԾ	rab	scal	el,	Fountain Dut	Crab Orchard	rus,	Cornelius, Pvt.	omo	Jar	ew W			mes	nde	rec	Son	es,	ook	д ,	C	ph,	3	arc nn,	, т. Д. Д.	⊈¥.;¤	oma
	ter, Pet	ย์			_;: _;:	ر , ا	ight	Pe		ر. ن	Joh M	ິ ບ	-: -:	Bur T	1	 	C	ပိ	Th	ers,	z z	, 12		Ja	_; ≺,	n, r	Hen	Jam	Д.	Joh	Joh	Jose	70.00	Jol	ohr	eo.	Th
e	Carpenter, Noah A., Carry, Peter B., Pvt		Carson, Samuel S., Cartmill, John, Pvt.	Cartmill,	(Died,	Cartmill, John, Fvt	Cartwright Geo W	Carvin, Peter, Pvt.		Cassida, John, Pvt.	Casto, John, Pvt. Casto, Wm., Pvt.*	(Died, Crab Orchard	Caswell, Oscar, Pvt	Caton, Burel, Pvt.	Caudle, L	(Died.	Cayler, Cyrus, Rec.	ton	Chafee, Thomas F., Music	qui	(Died, New Orleans, Chandler Wm Cant	TOTAL		Cherry, James, Pvt.	(Died, Andersonville	Cheuden, Fred. H., Fvt Clark Harry I Cal	ر م	Clark, James, Rec.	(Died, Lookout Mountain,	듯 ·	K.	돈.	-	Clark, Kichard M., Cleary, John, Pvt.	, e, c	Configuration Coat, Geo. W., Pvt.	Coffee, Thomas, Pvt
Name	Car	ָ ֖֖֖֖֓֞֞֞֞֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֡֓֓֡֓֓֓֓֡֓֡֓֓֓֡֓֡֡	Car	Car	Ξ,	Car	Car	Car	i	\tilde{C} as	Cas		\tilde{C} as	Cat	במוני במוני		Cay	Cayton,	Cha	Chambers, James, Pvt.	ے د کے کے			Che	۳ ز	Che	Clark, Henson L., Rec.	Cla	Ξ;	Cla	Cla	Clark, Joseph, Pvt.	5		Clete, John, Pvt.	Configuration Coat, Geo. W., Pvt.	Cof
	21-65 Sgt.	69 69	64	65	65	5-61	7	6-65	-62		6-62 hled	64	7-62		0-00	 65	8-65	8-65	8-65	65	3-65	5-65	62	eq	65	65	7-65	65	64	r.	65	65	61			65	70
Out	7-21-65 as Sgt.	٠٠ ١		8-31-65	7-21-65	5-23-61			-&		1- 6-62 Disabled	12-14-64	1- 7-		3- 0-00 8-00-88	5 - 25 - 65	8		-8 -6	8-28-65	6- 3-65 9-10-63	$\frac{2}{9}$	1-20-62	isabled	5-8-65	7-21-65	-07-0 6-7-	2-13-65	-50-	9-13-65	8-28-65	2-13-65	3	7-23-61	9- 6-63	5-25-02 6-18-65 2-19-69	-17
	_ ~.					_						1 12												Д						-	4	-					_
In	9-16-61 M.O	9-29-64	2-14-01 $2-17-64$	1-16-64	2 - 13 - 65	$\frac{4-23-61}{0}$		9-24-64	8-16-61		8-16-61		8-61	0	0-05 16 65	2-62	1 - 31 - 65			9-64	7-23-62	2-14-65	$\frac{1}{4}$ -23-61		2-64	0-64			9-16-61	19. 8.61	8 - 16 - 61	12-14-61	4-23-61	4-23-61 $4-23-61$	8-8-62	9-26-64	0-01
. :	-6	9-0-01	-21	-	4	4- 		6	8		&	12-	12-	¢	4 0	⁴ 6	<u></u>					° 5	4		ტ,	<u>-</u>	- 6	9	6	19	2 %	12-	4.	1 , 4 ,	φ.	ب م	2
Co. Reg	33	11	148	124	ee ;	16	5	26	18		18	51	51	110	140	07		146	146	121	25	-			53	2,5	79	51	33	Ĭ.	18	51	1-1	~ [~	70	425	66
Co.	Ω.		; ⊒ Έ	<u>ں</u>	Ω•	₹	4	Ι	¥	1	X	Ι	Τ	<	4	田	A	দ	[±4	ΗF	عابد	4 C	A		•	Q Þ	1 E		Ω.	(보 	' \	[F4	ن د	S C	F1 ;	ם ר	٦
		† (Jere Pvt.	. 1	Pvt.	ĭ.	~ 5	· 6	vt.		vt.			y.)													V.	Francis M., Rec.	* ,	Feachtree Creek)	Cp:	نب			Ľť.	*	
	Zpl.		Jere., Pvt.	Pvt	Η.	건*	(Died - I.onisyille - Kv	sec.	3. H	Ark.)	; Ъ	Pvt.	*:	(Died, Louisville, Ky	۷۲. م	Philip L. Sgt.	نب	vt.		Pvt.	ٺ		Pvt.		vt.	. ;	Д. С	M.	Pvt.	ی ر ح		Pvt.	F/Sgt.		1st	ģ	Ž
	b M., Cpl	tec.		.,. M.,.	์ มี:	કું દે	۲ م ازر) H	Ξ.	Υ, Έ	H	er K., Pvt.	R., Cpl.*	ille	-, } T'.	, 0,2 ; ; ;	Ρ̈́ν	т; н	Henry, Pyt.	ر نی	Д Б Т	ن > ابا	enry, Pvt		Ų,	David, Rec.	יב ק	cis	es,]	htre	er	×	년		В.,	sec.	ston
	l do	g, F		ph .	,	mas	nia,	el	Ber	(Died, Helena,	iba		굞.	uisv	psor	Jedi [ai]	lor,	y A	У, .	hd	an,	, o			mas	1a,	javi.	ran	ame	eac	Valt	nry	Ľ,	PVI.	nas	er, I	xing
	Jac	Long	oyıv ner,	ose	ner	l no	2 5	mu	on,	He	lanr	and	wis	Lo	am For	Phi]	Tay	[enɪ	enr	ose			d, F		$\Gamma_{ m ho}$	Cav	1. 1.], F	.j.	ન: – ત્યુ⊢		He	me	W E.,	'hor	Pete	Le
	'n,	'n',	nan nan	n, J	gart	ر ب	ج آ۔ ه	Š, ŠŠ	ngt	ed,	S,	, Le	, Le	ed,	ν, τ σΕ	, do	on,	S, H	Ξ,	آ	Ĭ.	, 11	fiel		r,	, 5 , 7	bel	pel	ppel	(Killed,	bel	per,	, Ja	≱	у, Т	in,]	ed,
Name	Brown, Jacol	Brown, Long, Rec	Brunnamer,	Bryan, Joseph M., Pvt.	Bumgartner, Wm. H., Pvt	Bundy, Thomas M., Fvt Burk Fdmund Fut*		Burk, Samuel L., Rec.	Burlington, Benj. B., Pvt.	<u> </u>	Burns, Hannibal H., Pvt	Burr, Leand	Burr, Lewis		burns, Sampson, Pvi.	Burtch. Philip L., Sgt.	Burton, Taylor, Pvt.	Burns, Henry A., Pvt	Burus,	qsn	Bush, Tellman, Pvt. Bush, Thomas, Dut	TIST)	Bushfield, H		Butler, Thomas, Pvt.	Byerly,	Campbell, David M., Pyl	Campbell,	Campbell, James, Pvt	(Killed, Peachtree Cre	Campbell, Walter S	Camper, Henry W.	app	Capp, wm., Capp, Wm.,	Carey, Thomas B.,	Cardin, Peter, Rec.	(Died, Lexington
<u>Z</u>															_																						
Out	6- 7-65	9-26-64	7-20-65	3-13-65	6-23-65	6-25-64	5-23-69	9-28-64	3-63		4- 8-65 1-15-64	8-21-65	1-6	10 6	12-13-03	1-10-66	5-65	6-65	2 - 13 - 63	9-21-64	4-25-63	7-23-61	5 - 23 - 62		8-65	1-10-66 5 22 63	8-65		,	$\frac{7}{6}$ $\frac{7}{18}$ $\frac{7}{65}$	1-8-63	6-21-62	ble	7-26-65	1-19-64	9-28-64	0-03
	-9 -9	9 a	2 5	د .	9	<u>ن</u>	ב	ှင်္	-5-				5-	ç	- 2	-7-	6	-6	2.	ტ •	-4	7	5		6	<u>.</u>							Disabled			င်္	
٦.	9- 2-62 9-26-64	5-18-64	4-23-61	9-10-61	9-26-64	9-16-61	4-23-61	5-18-64	1-12-62		3-14-62 1-23-63	3-63	9-63	61	1-01	9-26-64	2-17-65	9-24-64	1-61	3-61	8-62	4-23-61	4 - 23 - 61	9-62	1-31-65	8-31-64	6-65	1-61	Ġ	9- 2-64 0-96-64	8-16-61	1-62	0	2-17-65	1-16-64	5-18-64 5-18-64	7-01
In	9-3 9-2(5-13	4-2	9-1	9-2	-6 -7	4-9	5-1	1-1		3-14-62 11-23-63	12-18-63	11 - 16 - 63	5	10-14-01	9-2	2-1	9-5			- -	4-2	4-2	2-	1-3	φ < φ ¢	1 2		,	9 9	8 -1	2-	9	10- 7-64 2-17-65	1-1	5-16	-71
Reg.	79	132	7 2	_	30	33	16	32	27	í					2.1		48			56	2	7	16	148	146	77	46			49	18	52			C 124		
Co. Reg		표-		ı	21	ם	4	E 132	Η	,	$\neg \Xi$			þ	4 [- ₹	C 148	Η	щ,	<u> </u>	<u>-</u> 4	Ŋ	H	U U		ĭ	A 146	Σ		Ħ	M	巨		ייב	C 124	- E	4
		4:14	نه >	nt		6	3		:	ille)				a.)							-	<u>.</u>		نہ	Sgt.			*			o.			Rec.			
	p. vt.	r-	بر ند ز	Adjutant	* + نـ	ָּיי טיי	•	vt.	0	LSV	į.	;	٠;*	, ,		نه >	بر	i.	Ľ	orp.	ממס		vt.	PV	:	Vľ.	Pvt	Pvt.		٧٢.	Corp.	•		بتر ئادى	+ نب	۲. ۲:	
	Cor , P	2	Cap	Adj	ブ 5	7 t	3 1 +	Э	ovt.	ellc	, <u>`</u> , ',		Д,	มาเล เ	4 H	ز بر	P	ф.	2nd	, د.	۔ ۔ ۔	$\frac{1}{2}$	Ĺ,	Μ.,	田 c	։ ≽ Դ	, <u>></u>	,,, ,,,	ice)	∵. ≠ Į			Ĺ	r z	Ч У		ָ ע
	oh, s M	7	A., (nes,	Sign Sign	2	, a	s, I	anc	y, r iam	P	Z.	Kan	יי קי	д Д	lon	G G	ın,	Ϋ́ L	7 t	hn.	ché]	nes	lian	ر ا	Ten	ed]	erv	muş G	h	, Р	;	ry, ami	E. 7) > ^	, , ,
	ose	7	n J	ŀ	Jan	Jig Zig	nes	lliar	ame	ت	Villi	bel,	has	Alexandria, La.) Hangw I Dut	Ten.	ert	Ma	me	Jol	me	tan,	Jol.	Pas	Jar	Wil	ame Fra,	n H	Alfred D., Pvt.	in Service)	Erasmus, Pvt. John Pvt	Joseph H	A. T., Pvt.	4	Asbury, Fvt. Benjamin C.,	Chas. F., Pvt.	Henry V., Pvt.	
), J.	, or o	Joh		er,	זרו, ס	Jar	Wil	r, J	led,	મું વ ત ⊳), Je	ر, ص		, i	Alk	an,	, Ja	an.	, ما	ر ک	ord.	, Ye	an,	,uc	ر, اد	stie	n, 4		ά, A							7 1
me	Bishop, Joseph, Corp. Bishop, Rufus M., Pvt	Rlackford Maklon F Dut	Blair, John M., Capt.		Bloomer, James, Pvt.		Boles, James, Pyt.	Bone, William C., Pvt.	Booher, James, Pvt.	(Killed, Chancellorsville)	Booker, Perry, Pvt. Borden. William. Pvt.	Bowen, Joel, Pvt.	Bowen, Chas. M., Pvt.*	(Died, Romers	Bourers, Helliy J., FVC.	Boyd, Albert. Pvt.	Bowman, Malon, Pvt.	Boyce, James G., Pvt.	Bowman, John, 2nd Lt.	Brady, James H., Corp	(Tady, John, Fvt.* (Died Gallatin Tenn)	Bradford, John, Pvt.	Bradley, Paschel, Pvt.	Brannan, James M., Pvt.	Branson, William H.,	Bright, James C., Fyt. Brinson Frank M Dut	Britenstien, Henry, Pvt.	Britton,	(Died	Britton, Brooks	Brooks,	Brown,		Brown,	Brown,	Brown,	Š
Name	Bis	ğ	M	ŗ	B	о О	Bo	Bo	Bo	ç	ရှိ ရှိ	Bo	Bo	g	ם ע	Bo	Bo	Bo	m M	Z c	Į Į	Br	Br	Br	M G	Z Z	йЩ	Br	1	Z Z	Br	Br	, D	Br D	Br	i M W	ជ

	ROBLER OF VOLUME	
Out	5-23-62 7-23-62 7-23-61 7-23-61 12-20-64 Disabled 4-12-65 6-7-65 6-29-65 5-23-62 5-23-62 5-23-62 7-20-65 7-20-65 7-20-65 7-20-65 7-21-65 7-21-65 7-21-65 7-21-65 8-8-65 8-	9- 5-65
In	4-23-61 4-23-61 4-23-61 4-23-61 2-14-65 1-2-14-65	2- 3-65
łеg.		48
Co. Reg	HH	D 148
0	John, Pvt. Wm., Pvt. Joshua S., Sgt. Joshua S., Sgt. Lolumbia, Tenn.) Wm. H., Cpl. George, Pvt.* Columbia, Tenn.) Wm. H., Cpl. John R., Music. Wm. A., Rec.* New Orleans) Wm. T., Cpl. Pvt. John C., Pvt. Richard, 1st Sgt. Is, John M., Pvt. Willy L., Pvt. Dandridge J., Pvt. Charles, Pvt. I., James H., Pvt. Seorge W., Pvt. Feorge W., Pvt. George W., Pvt. Fed. L., 1st Lt. John, Rec. Irias L., Pvt. George W., Cpl. George W., Pvt. John, Rec. Tens, Rec. George W., Pvt. John, Pvt. John, Pvt. John, Pvt. Termain, Pvt. Termain, Pvt.	Hoover's Gap) Valentine, Pvt.
Name	Croley, Croley, Crosby, Crosby, Crosby, Crosby, Crosby, Crosby, Curson, Crum, In Daniels, Darmer, Darmer, Davice, Davice, Davis, C Davison	(Died, Deitzer,
Z 		
Out	3. 9-65 3. 9-65 6. 26-64 9-28-64 9-28-65 9-12-65 9-12-65 9-12-65 9-19-64 9-	6- 8-65 7-23-61 7-13-65
п	1-21-65 1-21-65 1-21-65 1-20-64 2-20-65 1-20-65 1-20-65 10-17-64 4-22-61 11-24-65 11-2	7-23-62 4-23-61 1- 9-64
eg.		70 7 121
Co. Reg	G C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C	F C A
Name	•	
Out	်ဂုလ္လိုလ္တြဲ ထွ လုပ္ ညွေလာမွာ တွဲ လုတ္မုံဝါ့လုတ္မုံတို္က်မှာ ထိုလုပ္မည့္လွာလွာလွ	9-19-64 5-23-62 9-28-64
In	$\begin{bmatrix} -6.6 & -6.6 $	9-16-61 4-23-61 5-18-64
Reg.		33 16 132
Co. Reg	E H C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C	E 1
Name C	Pvt. 'ppl. 't. ' 't. ' 't. ' 't. ' 'nn.) 'nn.) 'nn.) 'nn.) 'col. 'Gol. 'Col. ' 'col.	

111	OSTER OF VOLUNTEERS 13)
Out	6-18-65 6-29-65, 9-6-65 9-6-65 9-6-65 9-8-65 9-8-65 9-28-64 11-14-65 9-28-64 11-14-64 8-28-65 9-28-64 9-10-65 6-19-65 5-23-62 12-13-65 9-28-64 9-28-64 9-28-64 9-28-64 9-28-64 9-28-64 12-13-65 10-16-64	
. ln	9-26-64 9-26-64 9-26-64 9-26-64 11- 5-64 2-17-65 5-20-64 12- 8-61 13- 8-61 11- 5-64 12- 14-61 11- 5-64 11- 5-64 11- 5-64 11- 5-64 11- 5-64 11- 5-64 11- 5-64 11- 5-64 11- 5-64 11- 5-62 2- 17-65 5- 18-64 12- 14-61 12- 14-61 12- 18-64 9- 2-62 5- 18-64 12- 18-64 9- 2-62 5- 18-64 12- 18-64 13- 18-64	
Co. Reg	D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D	
Name	Faro, Michael, Rec. Fateley, David, Pvt. Fateley, David A., 1st Lt. Faucett, John, Rec. Fausler, Wm. D., Rec. Fausler, Wm. D., Rec. Faust, Henry L., Pvt. Fields, Ira, Pvt. Fisher, Benj., Capt. Fisher, Henry, Pvt. Fisher, Martin, Rec. Fisher, J. H., Pvt. Fisher, John, Pvt. Ford, Thomas F., Pvt. Ford, Nashville, Tenn.) Foust, Henry L., Pvt. Foust, Henry L., Pvt. Fox, Balser, Pvt. Fox, Balser, Pvt. Fox, Hiram, Pvt. Fox, Hiram, Pvt. Fox, Hiram, Pvt. Fox, Hiram, Pvt. Fox, Milton, Pvt. Fox, Milton, Pvt. Frank, Charles W., Rec.* Freeman, James H., Pvt. Fry, James R., 2nd Lt.* Fry, James R., 2nd Lt.* Fry, Wm. F., Pvt.	
Out	2- 8-61 12-18-65 3-9-64 7-13-64 8-28-65 7-13-64 8-28-65 9-16-61 7-21-65 9-16-61 7-21-65 9-16-61 7-21-65 9-16-61 7-21-65 9-10-62 5-3-63 2-23-63 7-21-65 8-16-61 7-21-65 9-10-62 5-3-63 2-23-63 7-21-65 9-10-62 5-3-63 1-13-64 9-28-64 9-26-64 6-19-65 9-26-64 6-19-65 9-26-64 6-19-65 9-26-64 6-19-65 1-16-64 6-19-65 2-3-65 9-5-65 3-16-61 11- 8-64 3-18-64 9-28-64 3-18-64 9-28-64 3-18-64 9-28-64 3-18-64 9-28-65 3-18-64 9-28-65 3-18-64 9-28-65 3-18-64 9-28-65 3-18-64 9-28-65	
In	12-8-61 13-9-64 17-123-63 17-123-63 17-123-63 17-123-63 17-12-23-63 17-12-23-63 17-12-23-63 17-12-23-63 17-13-64 17-13-6	70-91-1
Co. Reg.	Tenn.)	
Name	Doolittle, Henry H., Pv Doolittle, Ornas R., Pvt Douthit, Alonzo, Pvt. Douthit, John W., Pvt. Downey, Thomas J., Pv Drake, Henry, Pvt. Drake, Henry, Pvt. Dunkel, Henry K., Rec Dunn, Edmond H., Rec Dunn, George H., Cpl. Duyre, Martin, Pvt. Duyre, Martin, Pvt. Eades, James M., Cpl. Eades, James M., Cpl. Eades, James M., Cpl. Eades, Joseph, Pvt. Edwards, David, Pvt. Edwards, Joseph, Pvt. Edwards, John C., Bug Ellengton, Albert, Pvt. Edwards, John, Pvt. Edwards, John, Pvt. England, John, Pvt. England, John, Pvt. England, John, Pvt. Engly, Peter, Pvt. Ersis, Hiram, Rec. Exis, Hiram, Rec. Exis, Hiram, Rec. Exis, Prim, Dyt.	Fairley, Henry, Fvt.
Out	-12-63 4-27-65 -12-63 4-27-65 -13-63 3-1-65 -15-62 -15-62 -15-62 -15-62 -1-6-7	8-25-65
r.	H 121 11-12-63 F 51 9-24-61 5-3-62 10-25-62 12-15-64 10-1-65 F 70 7-29-62 12-15-64 10-1-65 F 51 12-14-61 F 70 7-28-62 B 70 26 8-3-65 9-1-61 D 123 12-24-63 E 123 12-24-63 E 123 12-24-63 E 123 12-24-63 E 123 12-24-63 I 12-13-63 I 131 12-23-63 D 148 2-3-65 E 123 5-18-64 B 70 12-23-63 D 148 2-3-65 H 121 11-23-63 I 131 12-23-63 I 131 2-27-64 I 131 2-17-65 H 121 11-23-63 H 121 11-23-63 H 121 11-23-63 H 121 11-23-63 I 131 2-27-64 I 131 2-27-64	2-11-65
Co. Reg.	H H 121 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	D 148
Name	no, George, Pvt.* st, Sultana) no, Joel A., 2nd/Lt Soner of War Ist/Li Capi Majo ey, Moses, Sgt. is, Henry C., Rec. is, Joseph, Pvt. lckson, John W., Pvt. lckson, John W., Pvt. It, Clark, Pvt. It, Clark, Pvt. It, William, Pvt. Henry, J. H., Pvt. Edward, Rec. George W., Pvt. ct, Wm., H., Pvt. Edward, Rec. George W., Pvt. Henry, John W., Pvt. It, William, Pvt. Samuel, Cpl. Cornelius, Cpl. Cornelius, Cpl. John W., Pvt. George W., Pvt. Henry, J. H., Pvt. Edward, Rec. George W., Pvt. It, William A., Pvt. It, Jeff. T., Pvt. It, Andrew J., Pvt. It, Andrew J., Pvt. It, Milliam A., Pvt. It, William E., Pvt. Ithomas E., Pvt. Ithomas E., Pvt. Ithomas E., Pvt. Ithomas, Pvt. Itho	Dooley, John, Pvt.

16	ROSTER OF VOLUNTEERS
Out	9- 5-65 8- 2-61 7-14-65 as Sgt. 9-28-64 6-14-64 6-14-64 6-14-64 6-14-64 6-14-64 6-14-64 6-14-64 6-14-64 6-14-64 6-14-64 6-14-64 6-14-64 6-14-64 6-14-64 6-14-64 6-14-64 6-14-64 6-14-64 6-14-65 1-28-65 10-25-62 11-18-65 10-25-62 11-18-65 1
In	2- 7-65 4-23-61 1- 9-64 N.O. 5-18-64 7-23-62 M.O. 5-18-64 7-23-62 8- 7-62 8- 7-62 8- 7-62 8- 7-62 8- 7-62 12-12-60 12-14-61 1- 13-63 11-13-63 11-14-62 11-14-62 11-14-62 11-14-62 11-14-62 11-14-62 11-14-61 11-15-64 11-15-64 11-15-64 11-15-64 11-15-64 11-15-64 11-15-64 11-15-64 11-15-64 11-15-64 11-15-64 11-15-64 11-15-65 11-15
Co. Reg.	G 148 C 7 H 121 H 121 F 70 E 132 F 70 E 132 E 132 E 132 B 70 B 70 B 70 B 70 F 70 B 70 B 113 F 113 F 51 H 16 H 16 H 16 H 16 H 16 H 17 K 148 K 148
Name	Hacker, James, Pvt. Hacker, Jon. P., Cpl. Pvt. (Killed, Kenesaw, Ga.) Hadden, George W., Pvt. Halden, King D., Pvt. Hald, Dewitt, Pvt. Hall, Nathan, Pvt. Hamilton, James, Pvt. Hamilton, James, Pvt. Hamilton, James, Pvt. Hamilton, Joseph, Pvt. Hardin, John, Pvt. Hardin, John, Pvt.* (Died, Vicksburg, Miss. Harding, Jacob O., Pvt. Harding, Jacob O., Pvt. Harding, Jacob O., Pvt. Harding, Joshua, Pvt. Harding, Joshua, Pvt. Harding, Joshua, Pvt. Harrington, Pat. Pvt. Harrington, Pat. Pvt. Harris, George W., Pvt. Harris, John, Pvt. Hartsell, David, Rec. Hatton, Wm. F., Pvt.* (Killed, Kenesaw)
Out	9-28-64 9-5-65 5-23-62 7-20-64 9-28-64 6-20-65 as Cpl. 9-5-65 9-5-65 9-5-65 9-5-65 9-28-64 8-31-65 10-20-61 11-18-65 10-3-62 9-28-64 11-18-65 10-3-62 10-3-62 10-15-62 10-15-62 10-15-63 10-3-62 10-15-63 10-3-62 10-15-63 11-16-66 11-10-66
lh	2-23-65 2-23-63 2-23-63 2-23-63 2-23-63 2-23-63 2-19-62 M.O. M.O. M.O. M.O. M.O. M.O. M.O. M.O.
Co. Reg.	132 148 16 1 16 1 132 132 133 133 131 148 148 148 150 16 16 170 16 170 16 170 16 170 16 170 16 170 170 170 170 170 170 170 170 170 170
Name	Goodrich, James M., Pvt. Ist Lt. Rec. Goodrich, Louis, Rec.* (Killed, Peach Tree Cr Goodwin, Leander, Pvt. Goodwin, Leander, Pvt. Gordon, David, Pvt. Gordon, David, Pvt. Gorgas, Albert J., Pvt. Gorgas, Albert J., Pvt. Gorman, Patrick, Pvt. Graham, Wm. A., Pvt. Graham, Wm. A., Pvt. Graham, Wm. A., Pvt. Green, Charles, Rec. Green, Henry, Pvt. Green, John W., Pvt. Green, John W., Pvt. Green, John W., Pvt. Green, Wm., H., Pvt. Green, Wm., H., Pvt. Griffith, Luke, Pvt. Griffith, Luke, Pvt. Griffith, Luke, Pvt. Griffith, Lowton, Pvt. Guile, Stephen, Pvt. Gunning, Herin, Pvt. Gunning, Herin, Pvt. Gunning, Herin, Pvt. Gurle, James, Pvt. Guyne, Thornhill H., Pvt. Guyne, Thornhill H., Pvt. Guyne, Thornhill H., Pvt.
Out	5-20-63 Disabled Disabled 12-13-65 . as Sgt as Sgt. 7-21-65 3-18-65 3-18-65 3-29-62 12-29-61 12-29-
In	9-21-63 6-1 Disal 9-21-63 6-1 11- 1-61 9-2 12-14-61 12-1 M.O. as 1-31-65 7-2 12-14-61 3-1 12-14-61 3-1 12-14-61 3-1 12-14-61 3-1 12-14-61 3-1 12-14-61 3-1 12-14-61 3-1 12-14-61 3-2 12-14-61 3-1 12-14-61 3-2 12-14-61 3-2 12-14-61 3-2 12-14-61 3-2 12-14-61 3-2 12-14-61 3-2 12-14-61 3-2 12-14-61 3-3 12-14-61 3-3 12-14-61 3-3 12-14-61 3-3 12-14-61 3-3 12-14-61 3-3 12-14-61 3-3 12-14-61 3-3 12-14-61 3-3 12-14-61 3-3 12-14-61 3-3 12-14-61 6-3 12-14-61 6-3 13-14-61 6-3
Co. Reg.	G 90 G 90 H 21 H 21 I 11 I 51 I 51 I 51 I 51 I H 121 I H
Name	Furry, John, Pvt. Gaines, Wm. C., Rec.* (Died) Gaines, Wm. F., Pvt.* (Died, Terre Haute) Garland, William, Pvt. Garrett, Wm. S., Rec. Garrett, Wm. S., Rec. Garrison, Clinton, Pvt. Gatewood, Blison, Pvt. Gatewood, Joel, Cpl. Gatewood, Joel, Cpl. (Died, Nashville, Tenn.) Gatewood, Socar J., Pvt. Gatewood, Socar J., Pvt. Gatewood, John M., Cpl.* (Died, Nashville, Tenn.) George, Michael H., Pvt. German, Charles E., Pvt.* (Died, Bardstown, Ky.) German, Lindsay, Pvt. German, Joseph A., Pvt. Gibons, John W., Pvt. Gibons, John W., Pvt. Gibons, John W., Pvt. Gillard, James, Pvt.* (Died, Scottsville, Ky.) Gibson, Wm. T., Pvt. Gillard, James, Pvt.* (Died, St. Louis, Mo.) Golding, James E., Pvt. Golding, James E., Pvt. Golding, James E., Pvt. Golding, James E., Pvt. Goldsberry, Theo. W., Pvt. Good, Soloman, Pvt. Goodrich, John, Pvt.

110	SIER OF	VOLUTO	TEETTO				
Out 9 98 65	as Cpl. 6- 8-65 6- 8-65 6- 8-65 8-28-65 9-25-64	9-28-64 7-30-64 10-23-65	5-20-05 Disabled 1-28-63 6- 8-65 10-14-62 8- 2-61		6- 8-65 5-23-62 4- 4-65 as Sgt. 11- 1-62	9-28-64 3-21-63 Disabled 9-8-64	11-21-62 9-28-64 1064 8- 4-65 5-23-62 2-15-65 7-31-63 Disabled 8-18-62
In 11 99 69	M.O. 8-11-62 8-11-62 8-6-62 1-9-64 1-9-64		9-16-61 D 7-23-62 7-23-62 12-14-61 4-23-61		12-23-53 4-23-61 1- 9-64 Died 7-23-62	5-18-64 7-19-62 1- 9-64 7-23-62	9-18-61 8- 7-64 2- 9-65 4-23-61 2-16-65 2- 1-62 9-16-61
	F 70 G 70 H 121 H 121	e, Ala.) E 132 rt.* F 70 Creek, Ga. K 47	ä.	F 51 1119 K· 26 H 16	B 70 H 16 H 121 F 70	H 121	E 37 E 37 E 134 E 147 H - 16 F 146 M 52 D 33
Name	Hoskins, Francis A., Pvt. Hoskins, Jeff., Pvt. Houlton, John, Pvt. Houston, Alpheus A., Pvt. Houston, Coss. T., Pvt.*	(Died, Sulphur Tustle, Houston, John, Pvt. Howard, Watson C., Pvt.* (Killed, Peach Tree Cr. Howell, Albert, Pvt.	Howell, Foster, Cpl. Howery, Charles, Pvt.* (Died, Sandersville, Tenn) Howery, Jacob, Pvt. Howland, Joby A., Music. Hewland, Joby A., Music.		Hull, George W., Rec. Hulse, Marion, Pvt. Hulsopple, A. J., Cpl.*	(Died, Bowling Green, Hulsopple, Barnum, Pvt. Hulsopple, George W., Pv Hulsopple, John, Pvt.* (Died, Pulaski, Tenn.) Hulsopple, Wm., Pvt.	Hungate, A. J., 2nd Lt. Ad Hungate, Geo. W., 1st L. Hunt, Hickson, Pvt. Huron, David, Pvt. Hushan, George W., Pv Hushan, Joshua, Pvt. Hushan, Joshua, Pvt. Hushan, Joshua, Pvt. (Died of Wounds)
Out	11164 8-10-64 8- 8-63 4- 9-63 9-28-64 12-13-65	as Cpl. 8-21-65 9-22-64 12-30-62	8-31-65 7-25-65 7-16-65 6-29-65 8-21-65	7-26-65 8-28-65 8-31-65 9-28-64 6-30-63 7-21-65	8-30-65 8-31-65 2- 1-62 5-23-62	1-10-66 6-19-65 as Cpl. 5-14-64 2-25-65 7-26-65	7-17-64 7-21-65 6-30-63 9- 6-65 5-23-62 2-28-65 4- 9-64 11-18-65 5-23-62
In	8-10-64 8- 8-63 4- 9-63 8-16-61 5-18-64 9-22-63	M.O. 12-10-63 11-23-63 9- 2-62	1-16-64 11- 4-64 9-26-64 9-26-64 8-15-63	2-18-65 7-14-65 2- 6-65 5-18-64 9- 2-62 9-26-61	3- 8-65 2- 7-65 12- 8-61 4-23-61	11- 1-61 1-16-64 M.O. 12-12-63 1-24-65 3- 8-65	23 12-24-63 33 9-16-61 79 9- 2-62 26 9-26-64 16 4-23-61 48 3- 7-65 21 1- 7-64 26 11-19-64 16 5-15-61
Co. Reg.	K 18 K 18 K 18 K 18 E 132	H 121 1	C 124 A 37 D 38 D 38	A 11 F 18 A 146 E 132 E 79 D 33		M 21 C 124 F 70 G 148 D 111	∺
Name	Hickman, John W., Capt. 1st Lt. 2nd Lt. Sgt. Hill, George W., Pvt.	Hill, John W., Pvt. Hill, Lorenzo D., Pvt.* (Died) Hill, Milton, Pvt.*	~ C.3 mn 02 -	Hinton, Wm. H., Rec. Hite, Jacob W., Pvt. Hittle, Squire, Pvt. Hodge, Robert, Pvt. Hoding, Alonzo, Pvt.	Hogue, Samuel, Fvt. Holbrook, Robert J., Pvt. Holden, Charles, Pvt.* (Died, Stanford, Ky.) Holden, John L., Cpl.	Holderman, I Holdrom, Th (Killed, Re Hollis, Frank Holmes, Johr	
Out	5-15-64 9- 7-63 4- 9-63 12- 9-65	3-19-64 7-10-65 8- 2-61 9- 5-65 as Cpl.	2nd Lt. 9-19-64 8-2-61 8-31-65	1st Sgt. 12-13-65 12-14-64 5- 2-62 4-25-65	5- 5-62 Disabled 1- 1-62 6-30-63 8-18-64 6- 2-62	10- 7-62 8- 2-61 7-21-65 7-21-65 8-29-65 9- 6-65	6- 7-65 10-18-64 7-26-65 S Music. 8- 2-61 1-10-66 4-23-65
Co. Reg. In	rt.* B 70 7-24-62 Lt. K 18 4- 9-63 l Lt. K 18 12- 9-62 Cpl. K 18 8-18-61 F 146 1-31-65	K 18 C 7 D 148	D 148 2-13-65 K 18 8-10-61 Promoted to D 33 9-16-61 C 7 4-22-61 F 146 1-31-65	M.O. as F 51 12-14-61 F 51 12-14-61 F 51 12-14-61 F 51 12-14-61	F 51 12-14-61 E 52 2- 1-62 E 79 9- 2-62 E 18 8-16-61 F 51 12-14-61	F 51 C 7 D 33 D 33 D 33 D 33 D 32 D 32	t. E 79 9- 2-62 c. D 11 10-18-61 1 8ec. E 11 5- 9-65 M.O. as 21 9-30-65 Pvt. C 7 4-22-61 A., Pvt.* C 124 1-16-64 Sultana)
Name	Hawkins, Alex. S., Pvt.* (Killed, Resacca) Haymond, T. L., 1st Lt. 2nd Lt. Cpl.	Hays, Timothy, Cpl.* Headley, James H., Pvt. Headley, Joseph T., Pvt. Heahl, Jacob B., Pvt.	Heobb, Jacob B., Pvt. Heckman, John W., Sgt. Heeber, Jacob, Pvt. Heffelblower, G. M., Pvt. Heifner, David, Sgt.	Hiestand, Benj., Pvt. Hemphill, Nelson, Pvt. Henby, Elijah, Music.* (Died, Nashville, Tenn.) Henby, John B., Pvt.	Henderson, Hiram, Fvt. Henderson, J. F., Pvt. Henderson, James W., Pvt. Henderson, Peter, Pvt. Henderson, Silas, Pvt.	James, Wm., R. n, Jame n, Mose n, Tunis	Henry, Moses, Pvt. Herold, Louis, Rec. Hess, Augustus, Rec. Hess, Loren, Rec. Hewitt, Enoch J., Pvt. Hey, Jacob, Pvt. Hickerson, James A., I (Assumed lost, Sulta

_																							_									- 1-	
Out	11-18-65	11-18-65 9-28-64	5-23-62	6-14-65	10-21-62	12-26-64		8- 8-65 8- 2-61	7-21-65	11 - 18 - 65	6- 7-65	7- 1-65	12-13-65	12 - 13 - 65	8-28-65	10 - 25 - 62	0	9-28-64	0-0-0	5-15-65	Z9-CI-II	5-23-62	7-23-61	5-23-62	5-23-62	11 - 19 - 62		9-5-65	6-28-65	5-23-62	8-16-65	. 67	12- 9-62
In	2-29-64 10- 1-65	2-29-64	4-23-61	11-23-63	12-8-61			9-29-64 $4-23-61$	8-16-61	12-23-63	9- 2-62	1-11-64		12- 8-61 2- 1-64	$\frac{2}{11}$ -12-63	9- 2-63	0	5-18-64 9- 1-69	70-1		3- Z-6Z	4-23-61	9-16-61	4-23-61	4-23-61	7-16-62	,	$\frac{2-11-65}{9}$	2-11-5	4-23-61	3-28-64	4-23-61 9- 2-64 12-23-63	4- 1-62
Co. Reg.	I 131 I 131 1	E 139	161		I 51 1	131	Tenn.)	C 7	X 33	131	E 79	131		I 51 1	121	43	0	E 132	1		ਨ <i>:</i> ਜ			A 16		B 70	,	D 148		A 16	K 100		
	Sgt. 2nd Lt.	Sgt.	C., Pvt.	Pvt.	ol. Bee	hec. Pvt.*	_	Pvt. Pvt.	Pvt.	Pvt.	t. Divit	rvi. Pvt.	Pvt.	ر نه	vt. vt.	* •••	Ky.)	∨t. +*:	ۂ	ec.	ہ نب	÷ .	نب	vt.	نب د د	Pvt.*	Tenn.)	Pvt.	٧٤.	Sgt.	Rec.	vt. Rec. Rec.	2nd Lt.
	P.,	Je Dyt	L /	liam B.	1 S., Ck	Ď.	Murfreesboro,	m M., ndrew,	. Sot	N. (1),	Percy, Pvt.	Seth Y., Pvt.	ob B.,	hn, Pvt.	Ч., Ч.	ert, Pv	usville,	ohn, Pvt		Patrick, Rec	Uliver F., Fvt. Lebanon Kv.)	John, Pvt.	1 B., Pv	Jesse, Pvt.			shville,	ige W.,	IM., T	in M., S	C., Jr.	M., rvi Teld, F n J., R	
	, Edward	Goorge	on, Hei	Kenton, William B., Pvt.	King, Joseph S., Cpl.	, momas	(Died, Mu	King, William M., Pvt. Kinkade, Andrew, Pvt	. Tohn	Kitchel, J. W. (1), Pvt.		iel, y. iel, Set	Kitchen, Jacob B., Pvt.	Kitchen, John,	Kyler, John J., Pvt.	l, Robe	(Died, Louisville, Ky	Lamaster, John, I and Francis	(Died)			n, Joh	am		تَ		(Died, Nashville,	Lazell, George W., P	Lea, Lewis iv Leach John	Leaman, John M., Sgt.	Leavitt, P. C., Jr.	Jesse M., r Whitefield, William J.,	
Name	Kent,	Kent				Ning,										Ľ	+			_	<u> </u>	Ľ	_		Lazar					_	_		
Out	6-19-65 6-8-65	6-11-65	5-23-62		8- 2-61	3-73-67 61	11 - 18 - 65	1-25-65 $11-16-62$	6-19-65	5-23-62	5-23-62	7-21-65	6-8-65	6-8-65	0-07-0	7-11-65	7-26-65	3-22-65	8- 1-61	4-30-63	11-18-65	2-28-62	8-28-65	1- 2-63	12-17-65	as Sgt.	3-14-65	2-10-63	4-15-63		6-8-65	2-23-62 7- 2-64 2-14-62	6-26-65
In	11-23-63 7-23-62	6-12-64	4-23-61 9- 9-65	M.O.	4-22-61	4-23-01 8-16-61	1-11-64	2-24-63 7-23-62	1- 9-64	5-14-61	4-23-61	9-16-61	8-8-62	7-23-62	70-01-0	9-16-61	3- 8-65	2-14-65	4-22-61	12-14-61	19-93-63	12-14-61		9- 2-62	12-14-61	M.O.	12-14-61	9-19-62	9-19-62		7-23-62	4-23-61 $11-10-62$ $9-25-61$	11- 5-64
Co. Reg.	H 121 1 F 70	E 79	H 16	011 11	C 5	4 H		E 23	\sim $-$	H 16	H 16	33 D	F 70	20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 2			H 11	G 148	C 7	F 51 1	T 131 1	51	H 121 1	E 79	고 15	(F 51 1					a _ E 33 _ E 33 _ E	E 38 1
	نې	ot.	. >	;	4	ا ا ا		*	'n,					* * *	ن >			Pvt.* Tenn)	Pvt.	Cpl.*	A Dyt	Dyt.	Pvt.	Pvt.*	ver) Pvt	5	Pvt.	vt.* To:::	Tenn.) Pv† *	Tenn.)	., Pvt.	e't Surg Pvt.*	ard) .ec.
	John, Pvt. Joseph J., Pvt.	Luman, Capt.	Richard, Pvt.		Samuel, Pvt.	eus L., Fvt. H., Pvt.	Ziba W., Pvt.	Joseph, John, Pvt. Joyce, Thomas S., Pvt.	wling C	Judkins, William, Capt	is, Sgt.	rv. ry, Pot.	Keeler, Joseph K., Pvt.	Keeling, Hadon, Pvt.	Battle)	ir, Pvt.	Kelly, John T., Rec.	eith, William G., J Died Nashwille	Kendall, Ethan A., Pvt.	. (Days Gap) Hamilton B Pwt	James B., Pvt.	James H., Pvt.	John E., Pvt.	hert D. Pot		Wesley, Pvt.	Kennedy, Albert, Pvt.*	(Died, NashVille, 1enn.) ennedv Nathanill Pvt *	(Died, Nashville, '	eWitt C., Pvt.	H. K., Ass't Sur Samuel, Pvt.*	Crab Orchard) Ellison, Rec.
					Samu	Wm.		h, Joh . Thon	(Died, Bowling	ns, Wi	Julian, Parris, Sgt.	r. Hen	r, Jose	ng, Ha	(Died in 1	Jaspe,	John,	, Willis	all, Eth	· .				_	ე ⊱		Kenderling,	edy, A	ed, Nas edv Na	d, Na	Kennedy, D	HS	
Name	Jones, Jones,	Jones,	Jones,		Jones,	Jones,	Jones,	Josep	Die	Judki	Juliar voh	Keele	Keele	Keelin	Die	Kelly,	Kelly	Keith	Kend	<u>(</u>	(Died, Kendall	Kendall,	Kendall,	Kendall,	Kend		Kende	Kenn	K en n) (Die		Kennedy, Kennedy,	(Died, Kensley,
Out	12-16-62 10-25-64	4 97 69	11 19 65	7-15-61 8-16-61	11-18-65	12-23-64	5- 1-63	9- 5-65		as Sgt.	6-17-65	8-28-65		7- 2-62	8- 2-61	9-25-64	1	7-21-65	9-19-64	3-19-64	9-28-64	11 - 2 - 61	Disabled	6-30-65	6- 8-65	11- 7-64	as Cpl.	9-28-64	5-19-65	5-23-62	9- 5- 65	5-31-65 7-21-65 1-10-66	
ľ	8- 4-62 11- 1-61	0 16 61	9-10-01 #-21-09	7-15-61	12-23-63	1-20-04	8-16-61	2- 9-65	M.O.	M.O.	4-23-63	8-10-64	4-23-61	12- 8-61	4-23-61	1- 9-64		10-25-64 8 16 61	9-16-61	9- 8-62	5-18-64	4-23-61		2-29-64	8- 2-62 8- 2-62	8-14-61	Hospital	5-18-64	11- 1-61	4-23-61	2- 9-65	1- 9-64 12-23-63 11- 1 61	10-18-64
Co. Reg.	F 70 M 21	66	99		131	L 39	K 18	D 148	ָ ֓֞֝֞֝֞֝֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֡֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֡֓֓֓֡		A 71	م 18		I 51	C 7	H 121	į	7 23 10 10		,	132			I 131	I 31 표 70		in	132	M 21 M			H 121 B 70] M 21 1	
Ö		, ,	7		·		3				•																Die	ř		٠.:			
	 +; *	ans)		it Lt.	, , ,	Tenn)		Hills A			Rec.	n Dl.	ovt.	V 10	, O	*.	Tenr	<u>.</u> خ	ئہ ن < <	, Rec	Pvt.	Pvt.		Pvt.	Way			۲ţ.	۷ t. ۲	", traj. Pvt.	Pvt.	. ". ጀ	
	r, Py Pyt	Orle	, rvi ville) Prit	el, 1s	ج: ب	. PVt	Pvt.	olia V	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	; >	Ę,	rt. C.	E.	>vt.*	sville e C	Pvt	ille,	Isaac, Rec.	i, bi T	amin	N ON	Sc. A		×, ×	ران الراز	is in	î	oy, F	re, F	193	am,	sam I	Rec.
	Sylvester, Pvt. Milton Pvt.*	New	Nash	icha	llin (estey,	orge,	Magn nes b		a111,	Alex.	Robert, Col.	lbert	hn, 1	eorg	John,	Tashv	Isaa	Alfred, Pvt.	Benjamin, Rec.	Coords W Bec	John A., Pvt.		John W., Pvt.	Joseph, Rec.	Lewis. Pvt.*		Shelby, Pvt.	Squire, Pvt. Thomas F Adi	11011	Willi	wm. Willi niel	orge,
		(Died, New Orleans)	nynes, minon, rvt (Died, Nashville) niff Thoo I But	Imboff, Michael, 1st Lt.	7, Ro	Irwin, wesley, Pvt." (Died Nashville '	Israll, George, Pvt.*	(Died, Magnolia Hills) Israll James N. Pvt	Try William Dut	11 I	Jackson, Alex. M., Rec.	Jackson, James F., Rec. Jackson, Robert, Col.	James, Albert F., Pvt.	is, Jo	Died, Huiltsville, Jaycox, George C., (Jenkins, John, Pvt.*	(Died Nashville, Tenn.)							son,							Johnson, William, Pvt.	Johnson, Wm. C. W., Fvt. Johnson, William R., Fvt. Jones. Daniel S., Pvt.	Jones, George, Rec.
Name	Huts,	0	D) (D)	Imbo	Irwin	Irwi	Isral	(D)	Taya	173,	Jack	Jackson,	Jame	Jarv	Jave	Jenk	Ð	Jenn	Johnson.	Johnson,	Tobneon	Johnson,		Johnson,	Johnson,	Johnson.		Johnson,	Johnson,	901111	John	John John Jones	Jone

	OSTER OF VOLUNIEERS
Out	8-24-64 5-18-65 10-21-61 10-21-61 1-10-66 3-3-3-64 5-18-65 1-10-66 3-3-3-64 11-17-62 11-62 2-12-62 2-16-64 9-5-65 5-23-63 3-6-55 5-23-63 1-10-66 8-29-65 1-10-66 8-29-16-64 9-5-65 1-10-66 8-29-16-64 9-5-65 1-10-66 8-29-16-64 1-10-66 8-29-16-64 1-10-66 8-29-16-64 1-10-66 8-29-16-64 1-10-66 8-29-16-64 1-10-66 8-29-16-64 1-10-66 8-29-16-64 1-10-66 8-29-16-64 1-10-66 1-10-66 5-23-62 1-10-66 5-23-63 1-10-66 1
. In	7-16-62 9-16-61 9-16-61 1-18-64 1-18-64 1-16-66 1-16-66 1-1
Co. Reg	t. A 16 Cy.) Cy.) Cy.
Name	McFerran, Lewis, Pvt. (Killed, Wild Cat, F. McGinnity, Sylvester, McGinnity, Sylvester, Pvt. McGlothlin, Geo., Rec. McGraw, Jackson, Pvt. McGraw, Jackson, Pvt. McGraw, James, Pvt. McKenney, James, Pvt. McKenney, James, Pvt. McKenney, James, Pvt. McKinney, John, Pvt. McLaughlin, John A., McLaughlin, John A., McLaughlin, John, Pvt. McMarth, John, Pvt. McMarth, John, Pvt. McMarth, John, Pvt. McNeely, John, Pvt. McQueen, Benj. F., Pvt. McDied, Spring Hill, Maholem, Geo. H., Pvt (Killed in Railroad Maholem, James M., Cpl.* (Died, Black River, Maple, Wm. H., Rec. Marrett, Charles L., Pvt. Marrett, Charles L., Pvt. Marrett, Charles L., Pvt. Marrith, Andrew, Pvt.
Out	5-23-62 6-8-65 9-28-64 9-5-65 6-8-65 5-23-62 10-10-63 7-21-65 8-18-64 as Sgt. 1-26-63 3-17-64 7-21-65 as Sgt. 1-26-63 10-31-62 10-31-62 10-3-64 11-18-65 10-1-65 6-15-65 9-20-64 11-18-65 11-18-
In	7-23-61 7-23-61 7-23-61 7-23-61 8-14-61 9-16-61 9-16-61 9-16-61 12-14-61 13-14-61 14-23-61 14-23-61 16-61 17-25-62 17-25-62 18-16-61 19-16-61 19-16-61 19-16-61 10-16-61 10-16-61 10-1-65 11-23-63
Co. Reg.	Жура нее 133 33 33 33 33 33 33 33 33 33 33 33 33
Name	Luther, Charles W., Pvt. Luther, Wm. J. B., Pvt. Lyons, John, Pvt. McBride, William, Pvt. McCallister, James, Pvt. McCarty, James, Pvt. McCarty, James, Pvt. McCarty, James, Pvt. McCarty, James, Pvt. McClellan, T. W., Rec. McClure, Alex., Pvt. McConnell, T., Pvt. McConnell, James, Pvt.* Colied, Crab Orchard, K. McConnell, James, Pvt.* McConnell, John E., Pvt.* Clied, Crab Orchard, K. McConnell, John E., Pvt. McConnell, John E., Pvt. Clied, Sidney Pass) McConnell, L. B., Pvt.* (Died, Sidney Pass) McConnell, L. B., Pvt. McCorea, John M., Rec. McCrary, Jordan, Rec. McCrary, James, Pvt. McTadden, John B., Pvt. McFadden, Sylvester, Cpl. McFadden, Lewis L., Pvt. McFadden, Sylvester, Cpl. McFadden, Sylvester, Cpl. McFadden, Sylvester, Cpl. McFadden, Bowling Green, Free
Out	4-8-63 2-8-63 2-8-63 2-8-63 2-8-64 7-23-64 9-28-64 9-28-64 9-28-64 9-28-64 9-28-64 8-31-65 5-15-65 5-15-65 5-19-62 8-28-65 5-19-62 8-28-65 5-19-62 8-28-65 12-14-65 12-14-65 12-14-65 12-14-65 13-14-65 13-14-65 14-163 16-15-65 10-65 1
In	8-16-61 8-16-61 1-62 8-16-61 1-16-64 8-18-64 8-18-64 1-16-64 8-18-64 1-16-6
Co. Reg.	KKKK 188 KK 188
Name	Leechman, Alex. Sgt. Leech, John, 1st Lt. Leech, Thomas, Sgt. Leef, William, Pvt. Leggett, Manly, Pvt. Leggett, Manly, Pvt. Leggett, Manly, Pvt. Leggett, Manly, Pvt. Lenox, William, Rec. Lewis, Edgar, Cpl. Lewis, Edgar, Cpl. Limpus, Cameron J., Pvt. Limpus, Levi S., Pvt. Linpus, Levi S., Pvt. Linpus, Levi S., Pvt. Linpus, Levi S., Pvt. Linces, Maurice D., Pvt. Linces, Maurice D., Pvt. Linville, Wyatt, Pvt. Linville, Wyatt, Pvt. Lisher, George B., Pvt. Lisher, George B., Pvt. Lisher, George B., Pvt. Lisher, J. W., Band Mem. Lisher, John, Pvt. Little, John M., Rec. Logan, John M., Rec. Lowe, Lewis, Pvt. Lowe, Joseph, Pvt. Lowes, Abraham B., Capt. Lowes, Josiah E., Pvt. Lowes, Josiah E., Pvt. Ludwick, Jonathan, Rec. Ludwick, Jonathan, Rec. Luther, Albert, Pvt.

ROSTE	R OF VOLUNIEERS
5-20-65 12-14-64 12-13-62 6-8-65 12-14-64 164 164 9-28-64 9-28-64 9-28-64 9-28-64 9-28-64 9-28-65 3-19-63 5-23-62 1-10-66 as Cpl. 3-19-63 3-19-63 9-15-65 8-2-61 3-62 9-5-65 9-5-65 9-5-65 9-5-65 9-5-65 9-5-65 9-5-65 9-5-65 9-5-65 9-5-65	5-23-62 7-21-65 8-12-64 6- 7-65 3- 3-65 5-23-62 2-22-63
2. 3-65 12-14-61 7-17-62 2-12-63 12-14-61 7-16-64 5-18-64 1-24-65 1-24-65 1-16-64 8-16-61 8-61 8	4-23-61 7-19-62 9-1-63 2-21-63 7-14-64 7-17-62) 9-2-62 2-9-65 4-23-61 7-23-62
Co. Reg. 28 Co. Reg. 29 Co. Reg. 29 Co. Reg. 29 Co. Reg. 29 Co. Reg. 21 Co. Reg. 22 Co. Re	<u> </u>
Morgan, John W., Pvt. Morgan, Thomas J., Sgt. Morgan, William, Pvt. Morley, Aarris M., Rec. Morney, James, Pvt. Morris, Carlos, Pvt.* (Died, Indianola, Texas) Morrison, J. C., 2nd Lt. Morrison, John, Pvt. Morrison, John, Pvt. Morrison, John, Pvt. Morrison, John, Pvt. Mowerly, Wm. M., Pvt. Mullindon, Wm. M., Pvt. Murphy, Marshall, Pvt. Murphy, Patrick, Pvt. Murphy, Barshall, Pvt. Murphy, Patrick, Pvt. Murphy, Josse C., Cpl. Nail, James H., Rec. Neal, William, Pvt. Neal, William, Pvt. Newbald, John S., Pvt. Newby, Joseph, Pvt.	Newton, John C., Pvt. A F/Sgt. B 2nd 'Lt. B 1st Lt. B 1st Lt. B Capt. B (Died of Wounds, Atlanta, Newton, John M., Pvt. E Newton, Thomas G., Pvt.* D (Died, Indianapolis, Ind.) Niel, William B., Pvt. H Nichols, Jasper, Pvt.* F (Died, Gallatin, Tenn.)
Out 5-22-63 8-25-65 2-7-63 2-7-63 2-30-64 7-22-64 8-11-62 9-28-64 8-2-61 9-28-64 8-2-61 8-18-64 as Cpl. 7-2-65 62 11-1-64 4-6-63 7-15-64 6-8-65 11-1-64 8-8-5 11-1-64 8-8-5 11-1-64 8-8-5 8-8-5 8-8-5 8-8-5 8-8-5 8-8-5 8-8-5 8-8-5 8-8-5 8-8-5 8-8-5 8-8-5 8-13-64 8-13-64 8-13-64 8-13-64 8-13-65 8-	1-10-66 as Cpl. 7-21-65 6-23-65 3-10-63 6-29-65 6-8-65 6-8-65 6-8-65 6-7-65 5-23-62 5-20-65
1n 8-16-61 8-16-61 7-16-62 9-2-62 8-26-64 1-21-61 11-1-61 11-1-62 1-22-65 8-16-61 8-16-61 8-16-61 11-1-61	11. 1-61 9-16-61 9-26-64 7-23-62 8-21-65 8- 1-62 2- 9-65 8- 4-62 9- 2-62 4-23-61 2- 3-65 2- 3-65
	M 21 1 1 2 2 3 3 2 4 2 4 2 4 2 4 2 4 2 4 2 4 2 4
Miller, James T., Pvt.* K 18 (Killed, Vicksburg, Miss.) Miller, John H., Pvt. K 18 Miller, John W., Pvt.* B 70 (Died, Sandersville, Tenn.) Miller, Lewis, Pvt. E 79 Miller, Robert H., Pvt.* B 70 (Died, Madison) Miller, Robert H., Pvt.* B 70 (Died of Wounds, Chattanooga, Miller, William A., Pvt. E 132 Miller, William A., Pvt. C 7 Miller, William L., Pvt. C 7 Miller, William L., Pvt. C 7 Miller, William L., Pvt. K 18 Mills, James W., Rec. D 33 Mitchell, Hiram, Cpl.* D 33 (Died of Wounds, Nashville) Mitchell, Hiram, Cpl.* D 33 (Died of Wounds, Nashville) Mitchell, Wm., S., Pvt. B 70 Mitchell, Wm., S., Pvt. F 51 Moody, James, Artif. M 21 Moody, James, Pvt. K 18	Moore, Edward, Pvt. Moore, Jacob, Sgt. Moore, Jerome, Pvt. Moore, Jesse W., Pvt. Moore, John S., Sgt. Moore, Leonidas, Pvt. Moore, Noah C., Pvt. Moore, Wm. H., Pvt. Morgan, Alfred W., Sgt. Morgan, Alfred W., Sgt.
Out 9-5-63 6-9-63 7-23-62 9-14-65 12-13-65 6-27-62 6-23-65 7-21-65	7-26-65 7-21-65 7-21-65 11-18-65 as Cpl. 1- 4-62 8-25-65 5-23-62 6-8-65 6-8-65 6-8-65
148 148 16 116 116 1119 1119 1119 1119 1119 11	11 33 33 131 131 1 51 1 16 76 70
in, Benj., Pvt. in, Enoch, Pvt. in, George, Pvt. in, James, Pvt. in, Smith, Pvt. in, Wm. B., Pvt. in, Wm. B., Pvt. iews, Alfred, Pvt. is, Sampson, Pvt. is, Joseph, Pvt. is, Joseph, Pvt. is, Sampson, Pvt. iit, Thomas E., Pvt. iit, James, Pvt. iick, James, Pvt. iick, James, Rec. iick, James, Pvt. iiff, Wm., Pvt.* ied) s, Jacob, Pvt.	Pvt. Pvt. Pvt. ?vt. m, Fvt.* Rec. rt. Wgnr. ec.
Mart Mart Mart Mart Mart Mart Mart Mart	WE WE WE

	051	LI	, ,)F		VC	ル	<i>1</i> 0.	1 N 1	E	Ŀг	13																								21	_
Out	8-29-64	7-21-65	5-22-65 Disabled	5-23-62		8- 2-61	9-23-03		as Cpl.	9-28-64	10-11-1	5-23-62	9-28-64		6- 8-65	7-21-65 154 Sat	8-16-62			8-31-65	7-21-65	} i		9-28-64	70-41-11	6- 8-65	as Cpl.		8- 2-61	6- 7-65			6- 8-65	0-70-05 9- 5-65	4-22-65	7-21-65	
. In	8- 4-62	12-31-62	1-11-04 T		7-23-62	4-23-61	12-8-01		M.O.	5-18-64	10-11-71	5-14-61	5-18-64	4-23-61	8- 4-62	9-16-61 M O 95	8- 5-61		3-10-65		3- 7-64	3- 7-64	7-28-62		3- Z-0Z	7-21-62		2- 1-62	4-23-61	7- 2-63		8-16-61	7-23-62	2-16-65	9-26-64	9-16-61 2- 7-65)
Co. Reg	B 70	B 70	1-131	A 16	•		F 31	K 13		E 132		B 16			B 20	;; ດ	ີ ເ: 	١	Ö	—	7. Y			E 132	٦ _	., B 70		τŞ		A 10			F 70	1 131 H 148		1.) D 33 F 146	,
Name	Price, George A., Pvt.* B	Price, Shelby, Rec.	Frice, William, Fyt.			Pyle, Andrew J., Pvt.		Radcliff, Francis IV.		Rader, George, Pvt.	ton,	Randall, W. H. F., 2nd L	Randall.	Ransdell		Ratcliff, Charles H., Pvt.	Bay Henry I., Bec.*		Re	; ;	Reed, Chalmers, Pvt. Reed Isham 1st I.t	rece, remain, ter	Sgt.		Keed, James, FVI.* (Died Cave Spring Kv	Dorms, 1 Pvt.		Reed,	Reed,	Reed, William, Fvt.	Reese Ferdinand M. Pvt.	Reese, John W., Pvt.	Reeser, Allen W., Pvt.		<u> </u>	(Died, Bull's Gap, Tenr Rice, David, Pvt. Rice, George W., Pvt.	
Out	3-25-65	62	3- 2-65	1	9-28-64	7-21-65	as Cpl.	9-19-64	6- 8-65	5-28-65	12-10-61	60 0		3- 7-63	0	5-23-62	12-14-64	2- 6-65		1-10-66	8-18-64		9-11-64	0	8-28-65	3-19-63		7-23-61	8-24-64	3-99-69	40-44-0	5-24-64	0	8- 2-61 10- 5-64	Jisa -	5-26-65 4-27-65	
In	2-10-65	8-16-61	12-23-63 3- 3-64		5-18-64	9-16-61	M.C.	9-16-61	6-26-62	6- 5-63	9-16-61	0 19 69	0-12-02	9-16-61	Tenn)	4-23-61	12-14-61	9-26-64		11- 1-61	8-16-61	70-01-0	11- 1-61		1- 9-64 4-93-61	8-13-62	0	4-23-61	8-24-61	4-23-61	10-07-1	7-17-62	000	4-23-61 12-23-63		9-12-64 1- 9-64	
Co. Reg.	D 148	K 18	33 T 123		E 132	33 D		r 51	B 70	I 119	D 33	Ky.)		D 33	Columbia, T	H 16					X 81 %	3	M 21	101	H 121	03) -		16 H		B 70	ان روز	29. 29.		H 121	
Name	Pearson, John J., Pvt.* (Died Nashville Tenn.)		Peck, John, Pvt. Pence Jacob Pvt *	(Died, Louisville, Ky.)	Perkins, Terry G., Pvt.	Perry, John W., Pvt.	D Df D	Perry, Ruius, Fvt. Perry. Samuel E., Pvt.	Phares, Wm. C., Pvt.	Phillippe, John W., Pvt.*	Phillips, Emanuel, Pvt.*	Crab Orchard,	Fillings, riently C., Fvt.	Memory, Pv	(Died of Wounds, Colu	Pierce, Elisha, Pvt.	Poer, Luwaru, Fvi.	Pollard, M., B., Draftee*	(Died, Huntsville, Ala.)	Pollitt, Erastus Q., Pvt.	Pool, John H., Pvt.	(Died, Nashville, Tenn.)	Pope, James, Pvt.*	(Died, New Orleans)	Pope, John, Fvt.	Pope, Sanford, Pvt.*	(Died)	Pope, Theodore, Pvt.		Porter, William I., Fvt.	(Died Aldie Va)		(Died, Chattanooga, Ten	Powell, Erastus, Music. Powell, Samilel Rec.		Power, William W., Fvt. Pratt, Josiah, Pvt.* (Lost. Sultana)	(numara - 6,007)
Out	7-21-63	9-28-64	1- 6-63	7-21-65	8- 2-61	5-23-62	9- I-64	4-20-03	5-23-62	6-15-64	5-23-62	5-23-62	6-20-65	62		63	0-10-00 12- 2-65	as Cpl.	6-16-62		1- 5-62	9- 5-65	5- 3-63		9- 5-65	$\frac{3^{-}}{11-18-65}$	6-8-65	as Cpl.	c9-1Z-/	1-22-04	8-28-65	Wgnr.	12-14-64	8- 2-61 9-28-64		7-21-65 9-28-64	
ų	7- 9-63	5-24-64	10-31-62 $4-23-61$	9- 6-61	4-23-61	4-23-61	8-14-61	9-11-6	4-23-61	7-23-62	4-23-61	4-23-61	12-23-63	8-16-61		8-16-61	1-14-04 8-11-63	M.O.	12 - 14 - 61	11-14-64	12-14-61	2- 7-65	12-14-61	6	2- 3-65	2-29-64	8-11-62	.M.O.	9-16-61	0- 0-03	1- 9-64	M.O. as	12-14-61 12-14-64	4-23-61 5-18-64	12-23-63	9-16-61 5-18-64	
Co. Reg.	F 102 E 132	134	70			_		ر ر ر	H	F 70	A 16	H 16	131			W 18	2 و د		F 51	ω ;	F 51	F 148			U 148	1131			٦ <u>.</u>	1119	 H 121			E 132		E 132	
Name	Nigh, Jacob S., Pvt.	Nixon, Thomas, Pvt.	Noe, William C., Pvt.	Norris, John M., Pvt.	Norris, Peter, Pvt.	Norris, Stephen G., Cpl.	Norvell, John, Pvt.	Norvell, Robert, Fyt. 1 (Killed. Shelbyville Ind.)	Norvill, Benj. F., Cpl.	Odell, Jeremiah, Pvt.*	Odiorne, George C., Pvt.	Ogle, William S., Pvt.	Orders. Allen. Pvt.	Osburn, Wallace, Pvt.*	(Died, Missouri)	Overturf, Martin, Pvt.	Fallett, Edward, Rec. Palmer Gideon Pyt			Palmer, Harvey, Pvt.	Palmer, James, Pvt.* (Died Bardstown Kv.)		Parker, Wash., Pvt.*	(Died, Day's Gap)	Farrish, David, Fvt.	Parvis. James M Pvt.	Patterson, George W., Pvt.		Patterson, Jeff, Pvt.	(Died Ilnion City Tenn)	Patty James C Pyt		Payne, Benj. F., Cpl.	Fayne, Omer C., Fvt. Peak Franklin Pvt.	Peak, John, Pyt.	Feak, Joseph J., Fvt. Peak, Thomas T., Pvt.	

	2 ROSIER OF VOLUNIEE	113
Out	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	8- 2-61
. In	12-8-61 12-8-61 12-23-63 12-23-63 12-23-63 12-23-63 12-23-63 12-3-64 12-8-61 12-8-61 12-8-64 1-65 12-8-64 1-65 10-15-61 10-15-61 10-15-61 12-2-62 12-2-62 12-2-62 12-3-63 13-65 13-65 13-65 13-65 14-23-61 14-23-61 15-8-64 16-15-64 16-15-64 17-17-62 17-18-65 17-18-65 17-18-65 18-18-65	4-23-61
Co. Reg		٠ ن
Name	Shryock, John, Pvt.* (Died, Indianapolis, Ind. Shull, John W., Pvt.* (Lost, Sultana) Silcox, William, Pvt. Silverthorn, George, Pvt. Silverthorn, Joan, Pvt. Silverthorn, Joab, Rec. Simpson, Abraham, Pvt. Simpson, Abraham, Pvt. Simpson, Isaac, Pvt. Simpson, Isaac, Pvt. Simpson, Isaac, Pvt. Capt. Simpson, Prancis H., Rec. Sithon, Jesse, Pvt. Sieeth, David T., 1st Lt. Capt. Sleeth, David T., 1st Lt. (Capt. Sins, Francis H., Pvt. Smith, Adelman, Pvt.* (Died, Indianapolis, Ind. Smith, Adelman, Pvt.* (Died, Indianapolis, Ind. Smith, Ambrosia, Pvt. Smith, George J., Pvt. Smith, George J., Pvt. Smith, George J., Pvt. Smith, Harvey, Pvt.* (Died, Nashville, Tenn.) Smith, Henry, H., Wgnr.* (Died, Crab Orchard, K. Smith, James, Pvt.	Smith, John A., Pvt.
Out	——————————————————————————————————————	5-20-62
In		12- 8-61
Co. Reg.		21
Name	Ross, James G., Pvt. Ross, Thomas, Pvt.* (Killed, Resaca, Ga.) Ross, William A., Pvt.* (Died, Nashville, Tenn. Rouse, Phillip, Pvt.* (Died, Bowling Green, Rouse, William T., Pvt.* Killed, Dallas, Ga.) Runchee, Abraham, Pvt. Runyon, John, Pvt. Rushton, Edward, Rec. Rushton, Edward, Rec. Rushton, Edward, Rec. Rushton, Edward, Rec. Rushton, George M., Pvt. Ryan, Patrick, Pvt. Ryan, William, Pvt. Sallee, Moses E., Pvt. Sallee, Moses E., Pvt. Salver, George D., Sgt. Salver, George D., Sgt. Scoffield, David F., Pvt. Scoffield, David F., Pvt. Coffield, David F., Pvt. Scott, John N., Capt. Scott, John N., Capt. Seely, William, Pvt. Seggett, Leroy, Pvt. Seggett, Leroy, Pvt. Sexton, Shelby, Rec. Sexton, Shelby, Rec. Sexton, Shelby, Rec. Shaner, John F., Pvt. Shaner, John, Pvt. Shaner, John, Pvt. Shoemaker, F. J., Pvt. Shoemaker, F. J., Pvt. Shoemaker, F. J., Pvt.	Shryock, Adam, Pvt.
Out	6-28-65 6-28-65 6-28-65 6-28-65 6-28-65 6-19-65 6-19-65 6-24-65 1-14-64 12-13-65 3-3-65 3-3-65 6-27	11-18-65
II		12-23-63 1- 3-65
Co. Reg.	C C 7 C 7 C 1 C 1 C 1 C 1 C 1 C 1 C 1 C	Cpl. 1 131 1 D 148
Name		Rosenberry, Peter W., Cp. Ross, George W., Pvt.

111	OSTER OF VOLUNTEERS 2:	5
Out	8-28-65 7-21-65 7-21-65 9-4-64 9-28-64 9-28-64 9-28-64 9-28-64 9-28-64 7-8-65 9-5-65 9-5-65 9-7-63 8-4-65 8-4-65 8-4-65 9-5-65 9-28-64 7-8-65 9-5-65 9-28-64 7-8-65 9-5-65 9-28-64 7-8-65 9-5-65 9-5-65 9-5-65 9-7	
. In	11-23-63 11-23-63 17-20-62 1-6-64 4-23-61 12-23-63 1-6-61 8-16-61 1-31-65 1-9-64 8-16-61 1-31-65 1-9-64 8-16-61 1-31-65 1-9-64 8-16-61 1-31-65 1-9-64 1-2-13-65 1-9-64 1-31-65 1-9-64 1-31-65 1-9-64 1-31-65 1-9-64 1-16-64 1-16-64 1-16-64 1-16-64 1-16-64	
Co. Reg	H 121 H 121 H 121 H 121 H 121 H 121 H 16 H 17 H 18 H 18	
Name		valison C.,
Out	8-2-61 5-26-65 9-2-65 9-2-65 9-2-65 9-2-65 9-2-65 9-5-65 9-5-65 12-14-64 8-2-61 12-14-64 8-2-61 12-14-64 8-2-61 13-15-65 11-19-62 11-19-62 11-19-62 11-19-62 11-19-62 11-19-62 11-19-62 11-19-62 11-19-62 11-19-62 11-19-62 11-19-62 11-19-62 11-19-62 11-19-62 11-19-62 11-19-62 11-19-63 11-19-63 11-19-63 11-19-63 11-19-63 11-19-63 11-19-63 11-19-64 11-19-65	
In	12-14-61 12-14-61 1-31-65 1-21-64 1-9-64 1-9-64 1-9-64 1-126-65 2-3-65 12-14-61 1-12-6-65 1-21	
Co. Reg.	7 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	
Name	e, David W., Pvt. fe, David W., Pvt. fey, Jesse L., Cpl. key, Spencer L., Pvt. le, Robert, Pvt. henson, R. W., Pvt. henson, Thomas, Rec. ens, John, Pvt. ens, Lucien B., Pvt. ens, Lucien B., Pvt. art, Daniel, Pvt. art, James, Pvt. art, James, Pvt. art, James, Pvt. art, James, Pvt. ing, Robert D., Sgt. kwell, James, Pvt. se, Elijah C., Pvt. ing, Robert D., Sgt. kwell, James, Pvt. art, James, Pvt. art, James, Pvt. art, James, Pvt. ing, Robert D., Sgt. kwell, James, Pvt. ied, Scottsville, Ky.) sdall, John R., Cpl. ner, Jacob, Pvt. ied, Bowling Green, y, William, Pvt. ied, Bowling Green, y, William, Pvt. ied, Warrenton Junct bo, James H., Pvt. ied, Warrenton Junct ied, Warrenton, Tenn.)	
Out N	7-21-65 7-24-6	-
•	9 2 2 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	
g. In	6.0 4 4 6 6 1 6 6 1 6 6 1 1 6 6 1	
Co. Reg	DDO ADF HER HAD FRI AAB FRI ABB BAB	
Name	Smith, John E., 2nd Lt. Smith, John R., Pvt.* (Killed, Bealington, Va.) Smith, John W., Sgt. Smith, John W., Sgt. Capt. Smith, Paul, Pvt.* (Killed, Warietta, Ga.) Smith, Paul, Pvt.* (Killed, Warietta, Ga.) Smith, Thomas, Pvt.* (Killed, Marietta, Ga.) Smith, Thomas, Pvt.* (Died, Bardstown, Ky.) Smith, Thomas, Pvt. Smith, Tobias, Pvt. Smith, Tobias, Pvt. Smith, William, Cpl.* Died, Bardstown, Ky.) Smith, William, Cpl.* Smith, Milliam, Cpl.* Smith, Milliam, Cpl.* Smith, William, Cpl.* Smith, Milliam, Cpl.* Smith, William, Cpl.* Smith, William, Cpl.* Sparks, Wm. H., Pvt. Speagle, George S., Pvt.* Speagle, George S., Pvt.* Speagle, George S., Pvt.	

24	t																					Г	(O)) T	EF	1) F	V	O_1	<u> </u>	IN .	ΙĽ	EN	.o
-Out	12-15-62	6-8-65	9-15-65 9-5-65	11-27-62	8-31-65	9- 5-65	7-12-65	5-23-62	9-28-62	8-31-65		6- 0-60	11-18-65	00 00	20-52-02	11-18-65	as Cpl.	8-31-65	7-20-65	8- 2-61	3-23-62 8-18-64	as Cpl.	5-23-65	6-25-65	6- 7-65	70-67-71	7-21-65	5-18-65	8-31-65	8-28-65 6-19-65	8- 2-61	5-23-62	1062	Disabled
In	7-18-62	8- 1-62	2-14-65 2-14-65	9-16-61	9- 8-65	3- 9-64			5-18-64	1-24-65	4-23-61	8-13-62 10-27-64	12-23-63	12-23-63	$\frac{4-23-61}{10-1-65}$	12-23-63	M.O.	1- 7-65	1-23-64	4-22-61	8-16-61	M. O.	8-18-64 3- 4-65	9- 2-62	9- 2-62	70-61-1	9-16-61	1-8-65	1-31-65	8-16-61	4-23-61	4-23-61		7
Co. Reg.	B 70	10.5 B 20.5		33 D	Ky.) A 146		_	H 16	1 119 E 132	H 146		ы 109	I 131	I 131	A 16 E 131	I 131		F 146	L 39		. K 18	(27 28		E 79		D H 133		_	자 당 51 년		A 16	18 18 18	
Name	Walton, John B., Pvt.* (Died, Gallatin, Tenn.)	Vash., Pvt.	Wapnitz, Lewis, Pvt. Wapnitz, Martin V., Pvt.	facob, Pvt.*	(Died, Crab Orchard, K. Warmer, Anderson Put		Warner, William C., Pvt.	Washburn, Wm. O., Pvt.	Wasson, James H., Pvt. Watkins Matthew G Pvt	Watson, Chistopher, Pvt.	Watson, Martin, Pvt.	Watts, George W., Sgr. Wayne, David, Rec.	Weakley, Benj. F., Pvt.	Weakley, Elisha, Sgt.	1st sgt. Cant.	Weakley, John W., Pvt.	Weight Common Part	weakly, Greenup, Fvr. Weakley, Wm., Pvt.	Weast, Joseph, Pvt.	Weaver, Horace, Pvt.	weaver, Henry C., Fvt. Weingarth, Henry M., Pvt.		Wells, Isaiah, Rec. West Alexander Rec	West, Alleson, Pvt.	Wheatley, Joseph N., Pvt.	(Died, Gallatin, Tenn.)	Wheeler, Nicholas, Pvt.	Whetzel, Martin V., Pvt.	Whicker, William, Pvt.	Whippel, David M., Fvt. Whitcomb James Pvt	Whitcomb, Jamie L., Pvt.	Whitcomb, W. M., Cpl.	White, James C., Music.	
Out	12-13-65 1-15-66		1-12-65 6- 5-65	9- 6-65	9-19-64	5-93-69	5-23-62	6-19-65	69	Disabled	8-28-65	as Cpl. 1-15-63		4-21-64	62	Disabled	1-10-66	62-12-7	Disabled	5-23-62	6-13-65	5-23-62	6-8-65		12-14-64	Disabled	6- 8-65	6- 8-65		5-23-62	1-10-66	9- 6-65	5-23-62	5-23-62
II	12-14-61 8-30-61	M.O.	8-25-61 8-13-62	9-24-64	9-16-61	4-93-61	4-23-61	11-23-63	8-16-61		1- 9-64	M.C.		1-15-64	8-16-61		11- 1-63	2-20-6 4 8-16-61		6-29-61	2-14-65 9-26-64	4-23-61	.8- 7-62 12-19-63	11-17-64	12- 8-61	I I I	7-20-62	8- 7-62	12-14-61	4-22-61	11 - 1 - 63	9-26-62	9- 9-61	4-23-61
Co. Reg.	F 51 1		в В В В	\blacksquare	9	_		121	X 18	1	H 121	F 70		K 21	K 18		21	7 Y		A 16	F 146		F 70	8	I 51 1		B 70	F 70	51	C 4		K 26		H 16
Name	Tuttle, William H. H., Cpl.	rymer, Erbert, rvt.	Tyner, Elijah H., Pvt. Tyner, Henry C., Cpl.	~~	Vanbenthusen, Aaron, Pvt	Vance William Pyt	Vance, William D., Pvt.*		(Died, St. Louis, Mo.) Vancy Joseph W. Chil	auc), eachi "; chi:	Vankirk, William, Pvt.	Vanlew. John F.: Pvt.	(Died, Sandersville, Tenn.)		(Died, New Orleans) Vanov Joseph Corn		Van Pelt, Aaron F., Sgt.	vanPeit, Benj., Kec. VanPeit, Enoch, Pvt.		VanPelt, John W., Rec.	vaugnn, κichard, Fvt. Vernon, George W., Pvt.	Vickers, Martin E., Sgt.	Victor, Lycurcus S., Pvt.	Wadkins, James, Rec.	Waggoner, Leroy, Pvt.	wagoner, John, Fvt.		Walker. David. Pvt.	George F.	Walker, James A., Pvt.		Walker, James H., Rec.		Wallace, Samuel, Pvt.
Out	69 9 0	60-0 -6	5-23-62	8- 2-61	5-23-62	0- 0-00	7-21-65	7-21-65	7-21-65	as Sg [‡]	9-28-64	12-26-61 $ 3-19-62 $	9-19-64	8-28-65	1- -63-	12-14-64		8- 2-61	9-28-64	9-28-64	8-31-65 6-17-65	Disabled	6- 8-65	$\frac{1.10-66}{1}$	8-28-65	as Cpl. 12-13-65	as Sgt.	70-47-11	6- 8-65	11-25-63	8- 2-61	4- 1-63	12-13-65	8-31-65
ц	10-28-64 7-23-62	10-18-64	4-23-61 $2-13-65$	4-23-61	4-23-61	0- 1-07	9-16-61	9-25-61	9-24-61	M.O.	5-18-64	8-24-61 $10-23-61$	9-16-61	8-16-61	8-16-61	12-14-61	9- 2-64	4-23-61 9- 2-62			2 - 8 - 65 $11 - 1 - 61$	 	8- 1-62 M ∩	12- 8-63	8-16-61	M.O. 12- 8-61	M.O.	70-7		-13-62	4-23-61	9- 2-62		2-13-65
Co. Reg.	109 1 F 70	. 109	A 16 F 146	S	A 16	131	333		D 4		E 132	12 3			₹ % % %	51	21) E	$\overline{}$	E 132	A 146 M 31 1)	B 70		K 18	I 51 1	1	2	B 70	. 100 Ten	- 1	79	51	F 146
Name	Thomas, Wm. A., Rec. Thomas, Wm. H., 1st Sgt.	Thompson, George, Rec.	Thompson, James S., Pvt. Thompson, John E., Pvt.	Thompson, Lewis, Pvt.	Thompson, T. F., Pvt.	Thompson Wm C Dart	Thornburgh, J., Sr., Pvt.	Thornburgh, J., Jr., Pvt.	Thornburgh, Wm., Pvt.	thisairs, inclinia ii., Opi.	Thrasher, John, Pvt.	Thresher, L., 2nd Lt. Thresher N. B. Music	Thurson, Charles, Pvt.	Tillison, Joseph W., Pvt.	Tinder, Garrett, Pvt. Tinder, James Pvt	Todd, James, Pvt.	Tomlinson, J. W., Rec.	Toney, James H., Fvt.	Toun, Jacob, Pvt.		Treese, William H., Pvt. Treese, Caleb. Pvt.		Treon, Ferdinand, Pvt.	Treon, Francis J., Rec.	Treon, Samuel, Pvt.	Trimble, John R., Pvt.	Tuelor Doni Dut *	(Died. Shelby Co., Ind.)	Tucker, Cornelius, Pvt.	Tucker, David, Pvt.* (Killed Missionary Ridge	Tucker, Mansfield, Pvt.	Tull, Edward N., Pvt.	Tull, Thomas, Pvt.	Turner, Burton, Pvt.

	or to be the best of the best	
Out	6- 5-65 7-21-65 as Cpl. 9-29-64 6- 8-65 5-23-62 12-15-63 Disabled 2- 1-62 9-28-64 9-28-64 9-28-64 9-28-64 11-18-65 12-13-65 as Cpl. 5-16-65 6-29-65 6-8-63 7-26-65 6-8-63 7-26-65 6-8-63 7-26-65 8-8-65 8-8-65 8-8-65 8-8-65 8-8-65 6-8-6	
ln	12-23-63 9-16-61 12-31-63 4-12-61 12-31-63 1-16-64 1-16-64 1-16-64 1-11-64	
Co. Reg.	131 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	
Co.	го ом4н ныныгоогг ёгыхжых 400-00 4	
Name	Wooley, Joseph F., Pvt. Wooley, Joseph F., Pvt. Wooley, Thomas H., Pvt. Worland, Alfred, Pvt. Worland, Theodore, Pvt. Wright, George M., Pvt. Wright, John C., Pvt. Wright, John C., Pvt. Wright, Mathew L., Pvt. Wright, John C., Pvt. Wright, John C., Pvt. Yager, Francis M., Pvt. Yager, Francis M., Pvt. Yager, Jacob, Pvt. Yager, Jacob, Pvt. Young, Charles, Pvt. Young, Helena, Ark.) Young, James, Pvt. Young, John, Pvt. Young, Joseph H., Pvt. Zigler, Joseph H., Pvt.	
Out	10-16-63 11-18-65 8-2-61 12-12-61 12-12-61 9-28-64 9-28-64 12-1-65 9-5-65 9-5-65 9-5-65 12-1-61 1-2-64 9-28-64 12-13-65 12-13-65 12-15-63 12-15-63 12-15-63 12-15-63 9-28-64 9-28-64 9-28-64 9-28-64 9-28-64 9-28-64 9-28-64 9-28-64 9-28-64 9-28-64 9-28-64 9-28-64 9-28-64 9-28-64 9-28-64 9-28-64 9-28-64 9-28-64 9-28-64 9-28-65 9	
ln	12- 8-61 1-1-64 1-1-1-64 1-2-65 1-24-65 1-24-65 1-24-65 1-24-65 1-24-65 1-24-65 1-24-65 1-24-65 1-24-65 1-24-65 1-24-65 1-24-65 1-24-65 1-24-65 1-24-65 1-25-62 1-24-65 1-24-65 1-25-62 1-23-61 1-15-64 1-15-65 1-15-64 1-15-65 1-1	
Co. Reg.	131 131 132 132 132 132 132 132 132 132	
Name	Willis, Henry, Pvt. Willis, Samuel C., Pvt. Willis, Thomas, Pvt. Cloied, Crab Orchard, Ky.) Wills, Andrew C., Pvt.* Cloied, Crab Orchard, Ky.) Wills, Thomas, 1st Sgt., E. Wilson, Albert C., Pvt. Wilson, Lorenzo D., Cpl. H Wilson, Melvin, Pvt. Wilson, Wolle, Pvt. Wilson, William H., Pvt. Wilson, William J., Pvt. Wilson, William J., Pvt. Wilson, William J., Pvt. Winchell, Edward, Sgt. Winterrowd, A. C., 1st Lt. E Winterrowd, James, Pvt. Winterrowd, A., Cpl.* Winterrowd, John, Pvt. Winterrowd, John, Pvt. Wood, Henry F., Pvt. Wood, Joseph, Pvt.* Wood, Theo. E. H., Pvt. Wood, Theo. E. H., Pvt. Woodard, John, Pvt.* Wooderd, John, Pvt.* Woodard, John, Pvt.* Woodard, John, Pvt.*	
Out	8-31-65 8-31-65 1-1-18-65 1-1-10-65 1-10-66 5-26-65 5-26-65 9-61 9-61 10-23-65 9-61 9-10-65 9-10-65 11-18-65 12-1-65 2-6-62 9-29-64 11-18-65 3-3-62 12-13-65 12-13-65 3-3-62 3-62 3-62 3-62 3-7-62 3-7-62 3-7-62 3-7-62 3-7-62 3-7-62 3	
In	A 146 2- 1-65 E 79 9- 2-62 I 131 12-23-63 L 39 1-23-64 I 10 1- 6-62 C 35 11-15-64 I 119 9- 5-63 K 18 8-16-61 L 39 1-23-64 I 119 9- 5-63 K 18 8-16-61 D 33 3-22-65 I 51 1- 9-64 I 131 2-29-64 K 18 8-14-61 I 51 8-12-61	
Co. Reg.	A 146 E 7146 E 7146 E 7146 E 7146 E 717	
Name	White, John G., Pvt. White, John H., Cpl. Whiteside, James M., Pvt. Whiteside, James M., Pvt. Whiteside, James M., Pvt. Wicks, Sampson, Rec. Wicks, Sampson, Rec. Willow, Alvin, Pvt. Willem, Benj. F., Pvt.* (Died, Booneville, Mo.) Wilhelm, Jeff., Pvt. Williams, Benj., Pvt. Williams, Benj., Pvt. Williams, Duncan, Rec. Williams, Duncan, Rec. Williams, Jesse, Pvt. (Died, Lebanon) Williams, John, Pvt. Williams, John, Pvt. Williams, John R., Pvt. Williams, John W., Pvt. Williams, Joseph F., Pvt. Williams, Hartin V., Cpl. Williams, Thomas, Rec. Williams, William, Pvt.	

REGIMENTAL HISTORIES

The short regimental histories which are here provided have been copied almost verbatim from Volumes I and II of Terrell's Adjutant General Reports, published in 1866. While these histories are quite brief, they have the advantage of being factual and unbiased, which cannot be said of all regimental histories.

Most of the more detailed regimental histories that have come down to us were written several years after the War, many by regimental adjutants, since these officers were most familiar with a good deal of the written materials and records pertaining to their particular regiments. Some of these are excellent, and some ordinary, as measured by the yardstick of literary accomplishment, but all are none the less interesting to the student of the Civil War.

It should be remembered that during the Civil War regiments were made up of Volunteers from a particular district of the State, and were not formed with the heterogenous grouping employed by the military authorities to-day. Furthermore, companies of the regiments almost invariably were made up of men who had lived together in a given community. It should be easy to understand, then, how close were the bonds of friendship between these men who came from the same community, and lived together and fought together through the long years of the War. A regiment could truly be described as a "fighting family of men."

It is suggested that the reader obtain a map and follow out in detail the movements of one of these regiments. The movements of the Thirty-Third, in particular, will prove to be most interesting and worthy of study. It is only by learning something of the experiences of a regiment that one can fully understand what the military life of the soldier in the Civil War was like. And, as Bruce Catton says, of the Civil War soldier, "In his own person he finally embodied what the War was all about."

THE SEVENTH INDIANA — 90 DAYS

The Seventh Regiment was organized and mustered into service, for three months, at Indianapolis, April 25th, 1861, with Ebenezer Dumont (who had served with distinction in the Mexican War) as Colonel. On the 29th of May it was ordered to Western Virginia, and proceeded at once by rail to Grafton, by way of Richmond, Indiana, and Dayton, Columbus and Zanesville, Ohio. On the 2nd of June it proceeded by rail to Webster, where it was joined by other regiments. The entire force was then divided into two columns, under the immediate command of Col. Kelly, and was marched to Philippi, the Seventh being in advance. The advance guard, under Lieut. Benjamin Ricketts, of Co. "B" when within a mile of the town, engaged the enemy's pickets and drove them back. The Seventh, followed by the rest of the column, crossed a bridge and entered the town at double-quick, driving the rebels before them out of town and two miles beyond. The regiment remained in camp at this place for six weeks, and them marched to Bealington, as part of Gen. Morris'

command. Here some skirmishing was had with the enemy's pickets, and a reconnoissance to the right and rear of their line made by a force of five hundred men of the Seventh and Ninth Indiana, under Col. Dumont. On the night of the 11th of July the rebels retreated from the front of our troops, and in the morning the pursuit commenced - the Seventh being in the rear - and was continued until two o'clock in the afternoon, our forces halting at Leedsville. While here Capt. Blair and Lieut. Tucker captured three rebel prisoners, the next morning the march was resumed to St. George - Cheat River being forded on the way. At Carrick's Ford the crossing was resisted by Gen. Garnett, which was promptly met by the fire of the Fourteen Ohio, Col. Steadman, stationed on the bank of the river opposite the enemy. The Seventh Indiana then advanced and charged down the banks of the river, crossed over, and captured the enemy's baggage, and hurried on in pursuit of the retreating rebels. At the next ford, - three-quarters of a mile from Carrick's Ford, the enemy made another stand, under the personal command of Gen. Garnett. The resistance was brief, the rebels flying and leaving their commander dead on the field. Col. Dumont continued the pursuit for two miles and then halted for the night. The next day the Seventh took up the line of march to St. George, and from thence to Bealington. After a few days rest it was ordered to Indianapolis, where it was mustered out of service.

Editorial Note: Shelby County furnished a full company of men to the 7th Indiana, 90 days service. They were enrolled in Co. C, with John M. Blair, as Capt., John M. Flinn, 1st Lieut., and John C. Maze, 2nd Lieut. When the 90 day term was over, the regiment was soon thereafter reorganized for a three year term, but Capt. Blair was the only Shelby County man to remain with the regiment. He became the Adjutant, and saw a lot of hard service in the Eastern theatre of the War. Capt. Blair had operated a clothing store on the east side of the public square in Shelbyville before the War. John Flinn became a 1st Lieut., and later Capt., of Co. F, 51st Indiana, and had a most unusual military career. (See page 4.)

John Maze became a 1st Lieut. of Co. D, 33rd Indiana, and later was Capt. of Co. G of the same regiment. He ended his military career with the rank of Major. John Maze undoubtedly was one of the finest soldiers to serve the Union cause from Shelby County. Little is known of his life as a civilian. Private John R. Smith was the only Shelby County casualty in the 7th Indiana, and he was among the very first of Indiana soldiers to lose his life in battle. Many of the enlisted men re-enlisted in other regiments, particularly the 16th, 51st and 70th, and saw a lot of hard service.

THE SIXTEENTH INDIANA — ONE YEAR'S SERVICE

The organization of the Sixteenth Regiment was completed at Richmond, in the month of May, 1861, with Pleasant A. Hackleman as Colonel. On the 23rd of July, the regiment departed for Richmond. It was the first regiment that marched through Baltimore after the firing upon the Sixth Massachusetts

Regiment, in April. Reaching Harper's Ferry, it was assigned to Gen. Bank's Army, and was stationed in Pleasant Valley, near Soloman's Gap. About the middle of August, the Sixteenth moved, with Gen. Abercrombie's Brigade, and Bank's Army, through the valley of the Monocacy, to Hyattstown, passing Carroll Manor on the route. In the latter part of August, it marched to Darnestown, near which place it encamped on the 1st of September. Remaining here until October 21st - the fatal day at Ball's Bluff - the regiment received marching orders, and all day long, during the march, the sound of cannon was heard. Reaching Edward's Ferry that night, the Regiment crossed over the Potomac in canal boats and joined Gorman's Brigade early next morning, which lay in the mud along the bank. In the afternoon of the 22nd, an attack was made upon the pickets, in which two men of the Sixteenth were killed. Immediately after, the Regiment was hurried forward, in line of battle, on the Bluffs, and here, in the evening, participated in a brisk engagement with the enemy, which was ended by the rebels retiring during the night. Orders being given for evacuation, the Sixteenth was detailed, on the 23rd as a picket line, to cover the retreat of our forces, and was the last regiment to recross the Potomac, reaching the Maryland shore at daylight on the morning of the 24th. men were drowned during this expedition. On the 26th, it moved to Seneca Creek, where it encamped until the 2nd of December, when it again took up its line of march, reaching Frederick City on the 6th, near which place it went into winter quarters, called "Cantonment Hicks."

Towards the latter part of February, 1862, the long expected movement of the armies commenced. The Sixteenth took cars for Harper's Ferry on the 27th reaching there the same evening. On the 1st of March it moved to Charlestown, where it remained until the 10th, and then marched to Berryville, where a halt was made for two days. Resuming the march on the night of the 12th, they arrived at Winchester the next morning to find it already occupied by another division of the army. In a few days after the Sixteenth, with a detachment of other troops from the Brigade marched back to Snicker's Ferry, where it built a bridge across the Shenandoah, accomplishing the work in forty-eight hours. Here six men of Stonewall Jackson's army were captured by Lt. Capeland of the Sixteenth. On the 23rd of March the army crossed the Blue Ridge and marched near Aldie, where word being received of the battle of Winchester the command was marched back and encamped on the ground before occupied on the other side of the mountain. Crossing the Shenandoah on the 25th, the Sixteenth was ordered to retrace its steps, and on the next day crossed the Blue Ridge (for the third time), and encamped near Goose Creek. From here the Regiment marched to Aldie, and from thence, through Centerville to Warrenton, arriving there on the 2nd day of April. While in camp at that place, the Sixteenth was on active duty, though not in active service. On the 12th of May, it left Warrenton for Washington, D. C., where on the 14th of May, 1862, it was mustered out of service and soon after returned to Indiana. On the 30th of April its commanding officer, Col. Hackleman was commissioned a Brigadier

General, and on the 13th of May, in presence of the regiment, an elegant sword was presented by the enlisted men of the Sixteenth Indiana. This gallant officer was killed in battle at Iuka, Miss., Lt. Col. Thomas J. Lucas succeeded him a few days before the final discharge of the Regiment.

Editorial Note: Except for the 70th Indiana, Shelby County furnished more men to the 16th, 1 year regiment, than to any other during the entire war. About two full companies came from Shelby County. The highest ranking officer from Shelby County in this regiment was Robert Conover, regimental adjutant. When the regiment was later re-organized for three year service, most of the officers and enlisted men from Shelby County did not rejoin the regiment. Adjutant Conover stayed on, however, and finished his service with the rank of full Colonel. He thus became the highest ranking officer from Shelby County to serve the Union cause. Shelby County men made up companies A and H. Officers of Co. A were Thomas McFarland, Capt., David T. Sleeth, 1st Lt., and William J. F. Randall, 2nd Lt. Thomas McFarland in civilian life had been a prominent Shelbyville lawyer and Democratic politician, and had served in the State legislature. He was one of the leaders in uniting his party with the Union cause after the firing on Fort Sumpter. When his one year term with the 16th was over, he came back to Shelbyville and later joined the 70th Indiana as Capt. of Co. B, on August 1, 1862. However, he soon resigned and returned to civilian life as a practicing attorney. He again engaged in politics, but curiously enough, he gave up his Democratic affiliation and joined the ranks of the Republicans. He was not successful in obtaining office, and died untimely in 1864, at the age of 36. He is buried in the old City Cemetery. David Sleeth likewise joined the 70th after his 1 year term with the 16th. When McFarland resigned, Sleeth became Capt. of Co. B, and saw a lot of service, especially during the campaign for Atlanta. Lt. Randall apparently did not reenlist for any further service. Officers of Co. H, 16th Indiana, were all from Fairland, with William Judkins, Capt., Henry L. Francis, 1st Lt., and Samuel Tull, 2nd Lt. None of these saw any further military service. Only a small percentage of the enlisted men of companies B and H re-enlisted in other regiments after serving the one-year term with the 16th. A few joined regiments such as the 70th, and became veteran soldiers in every sense of the word. Others joined the short-term regiments organized late in the war, such as the 132nd, but saw little, if any, military action.

THE EIGHTEETH REGIMENT — THREE YEARS

The Eighteenth Regiment was organized and mustered into service at Indianapolis, on the 16th of August, 1861, with Thomas Pattison as Colonel, and left the State for St. Louis on the 17th of August. From that place it proceeded into the interior of Missouri, and participated in Fremont's march to Springfield, and in the return march to Otterville, under General Hunter, after which it moved with Pope's army to the Black Water, and there took part in the capture of a large number of prisoners. In February, 1862, the regiment marched with

SHELBY COUNTY CIVIL WAR

General Curtis' forces to Cross Hollows and thence to the battlefield of Pea Ridge, where, in the engagement near Leetown on the 6th of March, the brigade to which it was attached saved from capture another brigade, and the Eighteenth Regiment recaptured the guns of the Peoria Artillery. On the next day, in the battle near Elkhorn Tavern, the regiment participated in the advance, which resulted in turning the ememy's left, compelling him to abandon the field. On the 6th of April it marched for Helena, Arkansas, reaching that place on the 13th of July, taking part in the engagement at Cotton Plant, while on the march. Embarking from Helena on transports, on the 11th of October, the regiment reached Sulphur Springs, Missouri, a few days after, and remained on duty in Southeast Missouri during the winter. In the spring of 1863 the Eighteenth was transferred to Grant's army, and, as part of the division commanded by General Carr, participated in the flanking of the enemy's position at Grand Gulf, and in the battle at Port Gibson on the 1st of May, (capturing a stand of colors and some artillery,) and in the engagements at Champion Hills, on the 15th, and Black River Bridge on the 17th of May. From the 19th of May until the capitulation, it was engaged in our works in the rear of Vicksburg. During the assault it was the first regiment to plant its colors on the enemy's works, where they were kept for eight hours. Leaving Vicksburg, the regiment moved to New Orleans, and during the fall participated in a campaign up the Teche River, and in the operations in that part of Louisiana. On the 12th of November it embarked for Texas, where, on the 17th, it was engaged in the capture of a fort on Mustang Island, and also in the successful attack on Fort Esparanza on the 27th of November. On the 1st of January, 1864, the regiment re-enlisted at Indianola, and started home on veteran furlough; it was stopped at Baton Rouge, and formed part of a column that defeated a rebel force organizing for an attack on the garrison at that place. Reaching Indianapolis on the 4th of June, it remained in the State until the 16th of July, when it proceeded to Virginia, joining General Butler's forces at Bermuda Hundred, where it had several severe skirmishes with the enemy near Deep Bottom. On the 5th of August it was transferred to Washington, D. C., and assigned to the Second Division of the Nineteenth Army Corps, and marching to Berryville, Virginia, via Snicker's Gap, joined Sheridan's army in the Valley on the 19th of August. In the campaign that followed, the regiment participated in the battle of Opequan on the 19th of September, losing 54 killed and wounded; in the pursuit and defeat of Early at Fisher's Hill on the 22nd of September, losing 7 killed and wounded, and in the battle of Cedar Creek on the 19th of October, losing 51 killed and wounded, and 35 prisoners. On the 6th of January, 1865, it left for Savannah, Georgia, reaching there, on transports, on the 16th, where it was occupied for three months in building fortifications. On the 3rd of May, it was detached from General Grover's division and sent to Augusta, Georgia, and was the first to raise the stars and stripes on the U.S. Arsenal, and over the city. Returning to Savannah on the 7th of June, it was subsequently transported to the southern portion of the State,

where it remained until ordered to be mustered out. On the 28th of August, 1865, it was mustered out and left for Indianapolis, arriving there on the 17th of September, and on the day following was publicly welcomed by Governor Morton, Gen. H. D. Washburn, (its former Colonel) and others. In a few days after it was finally discharged from service.

Editorial Note: The 18th Indiana was the first Three-Years Regiment to which Shelby County furnished a full company of men. These men were formed in Co. K. As can be observed by reading the regimental history of the 18th, the men traveled over almost the whole theatre of the War, north to south and west to east, and saw a great deal of severe fighting and experienced many hardships of all kinds. Co. K was formed in the vicinity of Waldron. It would seem that this company had more than the usual turnover of officers. However, those who appear to have served this company best were Capts. Abraham Lowe and John W. Heckman, and Lts., Benjamin S. Fisher and Thomas J. Haymond. If one visits the battlefields in and around Vicksburg, Mississippi, it is not difficult to locate almost the exact spots where some of the men in Co. K fell in battle.

THE TWENTY-FIRST REGIMENT INDIANA VOLUNTEERS — THREE YEARS

(Also know as First Heavy Artillery)

The 21st Regiment was organized and mustered into service as an infantry organization, for three years, at Indianapolis, on the 24th of July, 1861, with James W. McMillan as Colonel. The following week it was ordered east, reaching Baltimore on the 3rd of August, where it remained until Febr. 19, 1862, during which time it participated in Gen. Lockwood's expedition to the eastern shore of Virginia. The regiment sailed from Baltimore to Newport News, from which place it embarked, on the 4th of March, on the steamship Constitution, and sailed with Butler's expedition. On the 15th of April it left Ship Island on the ship Great Republic, which laid off the mouth of the Southwest Pass during the bombardment of Forts St. Phillip and Jackson, after which, on the 29th of April, a portion of the regiment landed in the rear of St. Phillip and waded across to the Quarantine, while the balance went through Pass L'Outre up the Mississippi to New Orleans. This portion of the regiment was the first of Butler's army to touch the New Orleans wharf on the 1st of May, and immediately marched up into the city, the regimental band playing, "Picayune Butler's coming, coming." The 21st then went into camp at Algiers, where it remained until the 30th of May, making frequent forays into the interior; it also captured many steamers in Red River, and the sea-going blockade-runner Fox, at the mouth of Grand Caillou on the Gulf Coast.

On the 1st of June the regiment was landed at Baton Rouge, where it remained until the post was evacuated. On the 5th of August it participated in the battle of Baton Rouge, fighting over three and a half hours against an

entire brigade without faltering, and sustaining a loss of 126 killed and wounded. After this the regiment went into camp near Carrollton, and on the 8th of September it surprised Waller's Texas Rangers at Des Allemands, killing twelve and capturing thirty or forty prisoners. The 21st went to Berwick's Bay in October, where it remained until the latter part of February, 1863. During its stay in this section a portion of the regiment was temporarily transferred to gunboats, and participated in daily fights with the iron-clad "Cotton"; and participated in Weitzel's advance up the Bayou Teche, taking part in the fight at Cornet's Bridge, and the destruction of the "Cotton". Col. McMillan being promoted Brig. Gen., on the 29th of Nov., 1862, Lt. Col. John A. Keith was commissioned his successor.

On Febr., 1863, the regiment was, by order of Gen. Banks, changed to heavy artillery service, and designated First Heavy Artillery, and in July and October, two additional companies, L and M, were added. A portion of the regiment accompanied Gen. Banks up the Teche, and participated in the second battle of Camp Bisland. Subsequently the regiment, with the exception of 2 companies, was transported up the Mississippi, and took part in the siege of Port Hudson, in which it distinguished itself for the remarkable accuracy of its firing. The loss to the regiment during the siege of 42 days and nights was 28 in killed, wounded and missing. On the 21st day of June part of one company manned a light battery in a desperately contested little fight at Lafourche Crossing, and on the 23rd of June, most of Co. F were captured at Brashear City. In August 3 companies, under Major Roy, accompanied the expedition to Sabine Pass, and engaged the enemy at that place. During the winter of 1863 and 1864 a large majority of the regiment re-enlisted, and were re-mustered as veterans at New Orleans. Soon After, the veterans visited Indiana, when a grand reception was given them at Metropolitan Hall, Indianapolis, on the 19th of February, 1864, at which addresses were made by Gov. Morton, Mayor Gaven, Gen. Hovey, and Cols. James R. Slack and John A. Keith.

In the disastrous expedition of Gen. Banks up the Red River in March, 1864, companies G and H bore an active part, after which the different companies were stationed at different points in the Department of the Gulf.

In April, 1865, 6 batteries of the First Heavy Artillery under the command of Major Roy, participated in the investment of Mobile, the reduction of Forts Morgan and Gaines and Spanish Fort, and the capture of Mobile. At the close of active operations, the different batteries were assigned to duty at Forts Morgan, Pickens, and Barrancas, and in the works at Baton Rouge and other points of river defense, with regimental headquarters at Mobile. At the time of closing this sketch (October, 1865) the First Heavy Artillery — 21st Regiment — is still in service, and performing the duty above mentioned, under the command of Col. Benjamin F. Hays.

Editorial Note, 21st Indiana. Shelby County furnished about 50 men, but no officers, to the 21st Indiana (First Heavy Artillery). The men were assigned

for the most part to Co. M, although there were a few in Co. K. Officers of Co. K came from Martinsville, while the men in Co. M were officered by men from Indianapolis.

THE THIRTY-THIRD — THREE YEARS

The Thirty-Third Regiment was organized and mustered into service, for three years, at Indianapolis, on the 16th of September, 1861, with John Coburn as Colonel. On the 28th of September it proceeded to Louisville, and reported to Gen. Robert Anderson, who ordered it to Camp Dick Robinson. Marching by way of Lexington, the regiment arrived there on the 2nd of October, reported to Gen. Thomas. On the 13th of October it marched to Crab Orchard, and from thence to Camp Wildcat, defeating Zollicoffer's forces. After this, it marched to London, Kentucky, and thence back to Crab Orchard, reaching the latter place on the 15th of November, and remaining there until the 3rd of January, 1862. Moving to Lexington, it garrisoned that place till April 11, 1862, when it proceeded to Cumberland Ford, joining Gen. George W. Morgan's forces at that place. The regiment then engaged in the skirmishes and marches by which Cumberland Gap was taken on the 18th of June, and subsequently, participated in the marches and skirmishes in East Tennessee, until the Gap was evacuated, on the 18th of September. It then marched as escort to the ammunition convoy to Manchester, Kentucky, and thence, with the army of Greenupsburg, Kentucky, enduring many hardships, and arriving there on the 3rd of October. Moving to Oak Hill, Ohio, it proceeded, on transports, to Covington, Kentucky, where the regiment was refitted and sent to Lexington. From there it moved to Danville and remained in camp till the latter part of January, 1863, when it marched with the army of Kentucky to Louisville, and from thence by transports to Nashville, reaching the latter place on the 8th of February.

From Nashville the Thirty-Third marched to Brentwood and thence to Franklin. On the 4th of March it marched toward Columbia, and fought Van Dorn's forces, and on the 5th again engaged the enemy at Thompson's Station. In the last named engagement about four hundred of the regiment were captured, and about one hundred killed and wounded. The prisoners were paroled and exchanged in about two months, and returned to the field. The other portion of the regiment remained at Franklin, and engaged in the fights at that place. About the first of July the regiment moved with Rosecrans' army toward Tullahoma, and was in the advance on Shelbyville. From thence it moved to Guy's Gap and Murfreesboro, remaining there till the 5th of September. During September and October the regiment was stationed at Manchester, Estill Springs, Cowan, Decherd, and Tracey City. From the latter place it moved to Christiana, Tennessee on the 5th of November, and while there the regiment re-enlisted as a veteran organization in January and February, 1864. On the 25th of February, four hundred and fifty veterans returned home on veteran furlough, and on the return of these to Tennessee, the whole regiment joined Sherman's army, and marched from Chattanooga to Buzzard's Roost on the 1st of May, with the 20th Corps.

In the Atlanta Campaign that followed, the Thirty-Third was almost constantly engaged in marching and fighting, participating in the following engagements: at Resaca, on the 15th of May; at Cassville, May 19; at New Hope Church, May 25; at Golgotha Church, June 15; at Culp's Farm and Kenesaw, June 22; at Marietta, July 3; at Peach Tree Creek, July 20; and in front of Atlanta in July and August. It marched to Turner's Ferry, on the Chattahoochie, on the 26th of August, and fought there on the 28th. On the 2nd of September it advanced on Atlanta, driving out a brigade of rebel cavalry, when the city was surrendered, by Mayor Calhoun, to Col. Coburn, of the Thirty-Third, in command of the troops. The regiment lost, in this campaign, more than three hundred killed and wounded, and many of the best men in it. After the surrender, the regiment remained in camp, at Atlanta, until the 15th of November, when it marched with the left wing (Slocum's) of Sherman's army in the memorable "march to the sea".

The following narrative of the diurnal marchings of the Thirty-Third has been furnished by an officer of the Regiment, and, as it gives some information, in detail, not heretofore published concerning the march of the left wing of Sherman's army, it is thought proper to embody it in this sketch:—

Left Atlanta November 15th. Marched all night, and on the evening of 16th encamped twenty-two miles from the city.

November 17th. Crossed Yellow Stone River and encamped about ten miles from Social Circle.

November 18th. Marched through Social Circle, on the Atlanta and Augusta Railroad, destroying the track, and encamped five miles south of the town.

November 19th. Marched along the railroad, through Rutlege, (tearing up the track) to Madison, at which place the railroad buildings and market house were burned.

November 20th. Marched to Eatonton, during a hard rain and on very muddy roads.

November 21st. Marched fourteen miles and camped within eight miles of Milledgeville — still raining.

November 22nd. Laid by until evening, waiting for trains to pass. Then crossed Little River and marched all night, reaching Milledgeville at five o'clock A.M. on the 23rd.

November 23rd. Rested at Milledgeville and destroyed arsenal and magazine. November 24th. Crossed the Oconee River and marched twelve miles. November 25th. Marched twelve miles, crossing Buffalo River and swamp.

November 26th. Marched eighteen miles and camped at Sandersville, skirmishing with Wheeler's troops all day.

November 27th. Marched fifteen miles to Davisboro, destroying the railroad. November 28th. Reached the Ogeechee River and swamp, and remained

there until the night of the 30th, guarding the pontoon bridge. Crossed the river and swamp that evening, and marched all night, passing through Louisville and encamping about five miles beyond. 1308654

December 1st. Marched fifteen miles on the Millen road.

December 2nd and 3rd. Marched twelve miles on each day, and on the 4th marched five miles, through swamps.

December 6th. Marched six miles; the roads bad and blockaded.

December 7th, 8th, and 9th. Continued skirmishing, and roads blockaded.

December 10th. Struck the Charleston Railroad ten miles from Savannah, destroyed it and marched to within one mile of the rebel works surrounding Savannah, when the Regiment went into position and fortified. Remained here until the morning of the 21st, when the rebels evacuated the city and our army moved in. The health of the command during the march was excellent, only four or five men requiring hospital treatment, and no deaths occurring. Three men were lost by capture, but none by battle or skirmish. In this march the whole 20th Corps marched together to Savannah.

The Regiment remained in camp at Savannah until the 2nd of January, 1865, when it crossed the Savannah River into South Carolina and went into camp about nine miles from Savannah, where it remained until the 17th. It then moved to Perrysburg, and remained there until February 1st, when it marched fifteen miles. On the 2nd it passed through Robertsville and marched twenty-four miles, encamping near Lawtonville, and on the 3rd passed through Lawtonville and marched twelve miles.

On the 4th it marched ten miles, with occasional skirmishing and roads blockaded, and on the 5th marched fourteen miles to Buford's Bridge, on the Salkahatchie — the roads bad and barricaded.

On the 6th it crossed the river and swamp, and on the 8th struck the Charleston and Augusta Railroad at Graham's Station, sixteen miles west of Branchville. Two days were spent in destroying this road east as far as Williston.

From there the regiment moved in the direction of Columbia, crossing the South and North Edisto rivers, and the Saluda and Catawba rivers northwest of Columbia. It then marched to Winsboro, on the railroad from Columbia to Yorkville, destroying this road and crossing the Wateree river. From there it moved, through Liberty Hill and Chesterfield Court House, to Cheraw, at which place it crossed the Great Pedee river and moved on to Fayetteville, North Carolina, which place was reached on the 11th of March. Resting here two days the army crossed Cape Fear river, and moved on in the direction of Goldsboro. On the 16th the regiment was engaged in the battle of Averysboro, two men receiving slight wounds. It also participated in the battle of Benton-ville, suffering no loss. On the 23rd it reached Goldsboro, where the command remained until the 10th of April, when it marched to Raleigh, which place was occupied by our troops on the 13th.

On the 1st of May, the Thirty-Third started from Raleigh homewardbound, reaching Richmond, Va., on the 10th. Resting here two days, the march was

resumed and Washington City reached on the 21st. It remained here until the latter part of June, when the command was ordered to Louisville, Kentucky, where it was mustered out on the 21st day of July, 1865. While at Washington a part of the Twenty-Seventh (previously consolidated with the Seventieth) Seventieth and Eighty-Fifth regiments, were assigned to the Thirty-Third, and were mustered out with it, at Louisville, the numbers on the rolls being about fifteen hundred men. The regiment was at all times during its term of service, one of the most powerful regiments in the army, being kept well recruited and well together.

The Regiment was commanded by Colonel Coburn during most of the first year's service, (who after that time, was in command of a Brigade) and then it was commanded by Major Miller till after the surrender of Atlanta. When these Field Officers were mustered out of the service, Colonel Burton commanded it until the end of the war.

Editorial Note; 33rd Indiana. The colisted men and officers from Shelby County who saw service in the 33rd were from Norristown and Marietta, and they were assigned to Co. D. As can be observed by reading the historical sketch of the 33rd, this regiment suffered greatly from the ravages of disease, especially during the first winter of service, at Crab Orchard, Ky. Co. D lost no less than 11 of its approximately 100 men at this time. Officers of the Company were:-Edward T. McCrea, Capt.; William Chandler, 1st. Lt.; and William H. Miller, 2nd Lt. Miller resigned late in 1863, and David Fateley came up from the ranks and took his place. A more detailed regimental history of the 33rd is available at the City Library, and the reader will find it most interesting. We are fortunate also in having handed down to us a few letters of Capt. Ed McCrea. These letters are of excellent literary composition, and are a treat to read, particularly those that pertain to the incidents of the campaign for Atlanta. The greatest treasure of all, however, that has been handed down to us by a soldier of the 33rd from our county, is the diary of David Fateley. This diary gives us a day-to-day account of his experiences during the entire war, except for the year 1864, which is missing from the collection. This diary is the only one known to have been handed down by a Shelby County Soldier.

THE FIFTY-FIRST INDIANA REGIMENT - THREE YEARS

The Fifty-First Regiment was organized at Indianapolis on the 11th of October, 1861, and mustered in on the 14th of December, 1861, with Abel D. Streight, as Colonel. From Indianapolis it proceeded to Kentucky, going into a camp of instruction at Bardstown. In February, 1862, it marched with Buell's army toward Nashville, where it encamped for awhile and then moved to the Tennessee river, reaching the Field of Shiloh too late to participate in the battle at that place. In the movement upon and siege of Corinth it took an active part, and after the evacuation it marched with Wood's division of the Army of the Ohio through Northern Alabama to Stevenson. When Buell's army fell back from Nashville to Louisville, the regiment marched with it, and after

the campaign in Kentucky it returned to Nashville, from whence it marched with Rosecran's army toward Murfreesboro in December.

The regiment was engaged in the battle of Stone River, on the 31st of December, 1862, and 1st and 2nd of January, 1863, losing five killed, thirty-six wounded and eight missing — making a total of forty-nine. After this engagement it remained in the vicinity of Murfreesboro until the month of April, when it left on the Streight expedition. The forces engaged in this expedition had been organized as a provisional brigade by Col. Streight, at his own solicitation, and by command of Gen. Rosecrans, and consisted of the Fifty-First and Seventy-Third Indiana, Third Ohio and Eightieth Illinois, with two companies of cavalry and two pieces of artillery. The Brigade, numbering about seventeen hundred men and eight hundred animals, left Nashville under command of Col. Streight, on the 11th of April, and proceeded to Palmyra, on the Cumberland river, by transports, and then marched through the country to Fort Henry, on the Tennessee river, picking up on the route all the serviceable horses and mules that could be found. From thence it proceeded on transports to Eastport, Mississippi, which place it left on the 21st of April (about two thirds of the command being mounted) and marched in the direction of Rome, Georgia, for the purpose of making a raid in the rear of Bragg's army, then at Tullahoma. The expedition reached the base of Sand Mountains on the evening of the 29th, and on the 30th were overtaken by the rebel cavalry under Forrest, when a battle ensued, resulting in the defeat of the enemy. This was the battle of Day's Gap, in which the Fifty-First lost thirty-one killed and wounded. Among the latter was Lieut. Col. Sheets, who fell mortally wounded. On the 1st of May another fight took place on Crooked Creek, in which the enemy were again repulsed. On the 2nd of May, another engagement was fought on Blunt's farm, near Gadsend, Alabama, the enemy being again defeated. In this fight Col. Hathaway, of the Seventy-Third, was killed. The command pushed forward in hopes of capturing Rome, Georgia, but on the 3rd of May it was overtaken near Gaylesville, Alabama, by the command of Gen. Forrest, and compelled to surrender. The whole force was consigned to rebel prisons, and the officers were treated with great severity. After being kept prisoners for some time the enlisted men were paroled for exchange, and went into parole camp at Indianapolis, until their exchange was effected. On the 9th of February, 1864, Col. Streight escaped from Libby Prison, by means of a tunnel, after ten months imprisonment.

In November, 1863, the regiment was exchanged, and at once returned to the field, joining the army at Nashville. During the Fall of 1863 the regiment was engaged in guarding the communications of the army between Nashville and Chattanooga. It was afterwards sent into East Tennessee, and in the months of January and February, 1864, a portion of the regiment re-enlisted as veterans. On the 29th of February, the Veterans reached Indianapolis on veteran furlough, and about the 1st of April returned to the field. During the campaign of 1864, the regiment did duty at Chattanooga, and, after the

occupation of Atlanta, moved to that place, where it remained until the Fourth Corps marched northward, when it moved with the first brigade, third division of that corps, reaching Pulaski, Tennessee, in November, and upon the advance of Hood's army on Nashville, it fell back toward that place. On the 14th of December, non-veterans were mustered out of service, and proceeded home. On the 15th of December, the regiment participated in the battle of Nashville, and afterward joined in the pursuit of the routed rebels, going as far as Huntsville, Alabama. At this place it remained until March, 1865, when it moved with the Fourth Corps into East Tennessee. About the 1st of May it returned to Nashville, where a number of recruits that remained in service after the muster-out of the Seventy-ninth Regiment, were transferred to the Fifty-First.

In June the regiment moved on transports to New Orleans with the Fourth Corps, and from thence was transported to Texas, and landing on the coast, marched into the interior of Western Texas, as far as San Antonio, where the regiment was still stationed when this sketch was closed, — in November, 1865.

Editorial Note, 51st Indiana. Almost two full companies of men left Shelby County to join the ranks of the 51st Indiana. Included were two men who entered upon their military duties with rather high rank. These men were William H. Colescott, who began as a Major, and soon became a Lieutenant Colonel, and Dr. David Adams, who was Assistant Surgeon. Dr. Adams resigned, after about a year's service, in November, 1862, and Col. Colescott resigned in February, 1863. Col Colescott had shown considerable merit as an officer, and it is believed he resigned because of personal differences with Colonel Abel Streight, who commanded the 51st. Col. Colescott came back to Shelbyville and for a long time operated a general store on the north side of the Public Square in the old Ray House. He had seen some service in the War with Mexico. He died in 1894, and is buried in the old City Cemetery. Capt. James E. McGuire of Co. F, who likewise had seen a little service in the War with Mexico, resigned in October of 1862, and John M. Flinn succeeded him. McGuire came back to Shelbyville to resume his occupation of law and politics. He served the town as Mayor in 1863-1867, and again in 1877-1879. He died in 1894, and is buried in the old City Cemetery. All of the officers and men of Co. F came from the City of Shelbyville and vicinity. Besides McGuire and Flinn, other officers of the company were Joel A. Delano and Gideon Hand, both lieutenants. Delano had been in the regular army prior to the outbreak of the Civil War, and he ended his service for the Union with the rank of Major. Flinn and Hand both had unusual experiences after the capture of the 51st during the famous Streight Raid. Flinn's story is mentioned elsewhere in this publication. The story of Gideon Hand's escape from rebel prisons, and his precarious experiences in getting back to Northern soil, is not as well known as Flinn's, but is of the same compelling interest. Besides Company F,

FIFTY-FIRST REGIMENT

Shelby County was well represented in Co. I, whose officers and men were from London and vicinity. Marquis L. Johnson was Captain, James S. Reeves 1st Lt., and Fred J. Brownell, 2nd Lt.

THE SEVENTIETH INDIANA - THREE YEARS

The Seventieth Regiment rendezvoused at Indianapolis and was fully organized between the 14th of July and the 12th of August, 1862 — in less than one month — and was mustered into service at the last named date, with Benjamin Harrison as Colonel. It left Indianapolis on the morning of the 13th of August and reached Louisville in the evening of the same day. On the following night it left for Bowling Green and on the 15th reported to Col. Bruce commanding the Post, thus being the first regiment in the field under the call of July, 1862. From Bowling Green the regiment made several expeditions to Franklin, Morgantown, Munfordsville and Russelville. At the latter place, on the 30th of July, it encountered several hundred rebel cavalry, killing and wounding many and capturing forty horses and a large lot of small arms, saddles, and other property.

On the 10th of November, the regiment moved with Ward's brigade, Dumont's division, Fourteenth Army Corps, to Scottsville, Kentucky, and thence to Gallatin, Tennessee on the 24th of November. On the 10th of December as part of the 8th brigade, 8th division, (Gen'l Payne's) 14th Army Corps, it was posted along the Louisville and Nashville Railroad from Gallatin to Nashville to defend the road and bridges, on which duty it was engaged until the 9th of February, 1863. It then went into camp at Gallatin, doing provost and picket duty at that place until June 1st, 1863, when it was moved to Lavergne, Tennessee. Remaining at that point until the 30th of June, it then marched to Murfreesboro, camping in Fortress Rosecrans. At that place it was assigned to the 2nd brigade, 3rd division of Gen'l Granger's Reserve Corps.

On the 19th of August it moved with its brigade to Nashville and while there it was engaged in guarding trains to Stevenson, Chattanooga and other points, and picket and fatigue duty within the city. On the 2nd of January, 1864, the regiment was transferred to the 1st brigade, 1st division, 11th Army Corps, and Col. Harrison assigned to command the brigade. On the 24th of February, the Seventieth left Nashville and marched with its division to Wauhatchie, Tennessee, in Lookout Valley. On the organization of the 20th Army Corps it was assigned to the 1st brigade, 3rd division, with which it continued to serve during its term of service.

From Wauhatchie it marched on the 2nd of May and entered upon the Atlanta campaign, during which the regiment took an active part, being in the following actions: Resaca, Cassville, New Hope Church, Lost Mountain, Kenesaw Mountain, Marietta, Peach Tree Creek and the Siege of Atlanta. At Resaca the regiment led the assault made on the enemy's right, capturing a fort and four Napoleon guns, the only pieces of artillery lost by the

enemy between Chattanooga and Atlanta. Its casualties in this campaign were forty-one killed in action, forty-three died of wounds, and one hundred and ninety-one wounded; total two hundred and seventy-five.

On the 5th of November, 1864, the Veterans and remaining recruits of the Twenty-Seventh Indiana, were consolidated with the Seventieth, by special order of the War Department, dated October 12th, 1864. The regiment participated in Sherman's march through Georgia to Savannah, and on the 31st of December it crossed the Savannah river with the first brigade of western troops that entered South Carolina. Marching through the Carolinas with Sherman's army it rested at Raleigh, North Carolina, where it was on the announcement of Lee's surrender. It afterwards marched with the Army of Georgia to Richmond and then on to Washington City, where it was mustered out of service on the 8th of June, 1865. The remaining recruits whose terms had not expired under the then existing regulations of the War Department were transferred to the Thirty-Third regiment, in which organization they continued to serve until its muster out at Louisville on the 21st of July, 1865. On returning to Indianapolis the Seventieth was publicly welcomed home by the citizens, and at the reception given in the Capitol grounds on the 16th of June, addresses were made by Governor Morton and Gen's Hovey and Harrison.

The casualties of the regiment have been, in all, as follows: Killed in action, forty-three; died of wounds received in action, forty-three; wounded in action, one hundred and ninety-four; wounded accidentally, five; died of disease, one hundred and two — total, three hundred and eighty-seven. The regiment entered service with one thousand and twenty-one men and officers and received one hundred and thirty-eight recruits from Indiana, and veterans and recruits from the Twenty-Seventh to the number of one hundred and eighty-nine — making the whole number that have served with the organization thirteen hundred and forty-eight.

Editorial Note, 70th Indiana. This publication contains the names of over 225 men who enlisted in the 70th Indiana from Shelby County. This is the largest number of which we have a positive record, in a given regiment. Enlisted men and officers from Shelby County constituted companies B and F. Company F was from Fairland and vicinity. Its officers were Henry Endsley, Capt.; Isham Reed and Coleman Storm, Lieutenants. Capt. Endsley served out the entire war period as head of Co. F, and one gathers from reading the detailed history of the regiment (copy in the Shelbyville City library) that he was an extraordinarily good soldier. He was specifically mentioned for his conduct in the Battle of Peach Tree Creek. The men and officers of Co. B were from Shelbyville and vicinity. David Sleeth was captain until November of 1864, when John C. Newton took over and served out the War as head of the company. Lieutenants were Edward L. Davisson, James A. Stafford and James C. Bennett.

THE SEVENTY-NINTH INDIANA

The Seventy-Ninth Regiment was organized at Indianapolis during the month of August, and mustered into the service, for 3 years, on Sept. 2, 1862, with Fred Kneffer as Colonel. Louisville was then menaced by the approach of the rebel army under General Bragg, and the regiment was hurried to the field, arriving at Louisville on the 3rd. Here it participated in the work of preparation for the expected enemy until the arrival of Buell's army, when it was assigned to the First Brigade, Third Division, 21st Army Corps. On the 1st of October it left Louisville with the main army, joined in the pursuit of Bragg, and was present in reserve during the battle of Perryville. After the battle the regiment joined in the further pursuit of the enemy, and, at Crab Orchard, skirmished with the rebel rear guard, losing one killed and two wounded. The regiment then marched to Logan's Cross Roads, and then countermarched to Gallatin, Tennessee, and, crossing the Cumberland river, went into camp near Nashville. It took part in the battle of Stone River, on the 31st of December, 1862, and 1st and 2nd of January, 1863, losing seven killed and 44 wounded. After the disaster to the right wing, the regiment was moved to the left wing, and took part in the fight in which Breckinridge received his terrible repulse on the 2nd of January, 1863. The 79th moved with the main army to Tullahoma; thence to Manchester, McMinnville, and Pikeville.

On the 1st of September the regiment moved with the army toward Chattanooga. On the 6th it crossed the Tennessee river at Bridgeport. On the 9th crossed Lookout Mountain; and thence marched through Rossville and Ringgold to Lee and Gordon's Mill. Upon the 13th it participated in a reconnoissance, during which there was heavy skirmishing. The regiment was engaged in the battle of Chicamauga, on the 19th and 20th of September, losing 1 killed, 40 wounded and 13 missing. During this battle the 79th charged and captured the 1st Virginia Battery of Longstreet's Corps. It fell back with the army to Chattanooga, and was upon duty during its seige by the enemy.

Upon the re-organization of the army the 79th was assigned to the 3rd Brigade, 3rd Division, 4th Army Corps. On the 23rd of November the army moved to attack the besieging force under General Bragg. Then occurred the celebrated battles of Lookout Mountain and Mission Ridge. Upon this occasion the 86th was ordered to be temporarily consolidated with the 79th, and both regiments placed under command of Col. Kneffler. This consolidated force led the column which stormed and captured Mission Ridge, planted the Union colors first on the rebel works, and captured eleven pieces of artillery and several hundred prisoners. The loss of the regiment was small; the rapidity of its advance, and the conformation of the country, protecting it from the fire of the enemy.

On the 27th the regiment moved with the army under Gen. Sherman toward Knoxville, then closely besieged by the rebel forces under Gen. Longstreet. Upon the approach of our army the siege was abandoned by the enemy. The command arrived at the vicinity of Knoxville on the 6th of December. The division to which the 79th was assigned, remained in East Tennessee during the

winter of 1863 and 1864, suffering much from exposure, and being without sufficient food and clothing. The regiment was almost constantly engaged in reconnoissance skirmishes and marches, during 4 weary months that followed its advent into east Tennessee. At Strawberry Plains, New Market, Mossy Creek, and Clinch Valley, it participated in heavy skirmishes with Vaughn's rebel command, killing and capturing many prisoners. It also accompanied a cavalry expedition to Thornhill, enroute for Cumberland Gap, and participated in numerous other affairs. In the month of April, 1864, the 79th rejoined its corps at Chattanooga, and, for the first time in 10 months, rested, in camp for 10 days.

On the 3rd of May the regiment marched to Catoosa Springs, Georgia; thence to Tunnel Hill and Rocky-face Ridge, where it was engaged in heavy skirmishes. The command then pressed onward to Dalton, and was present in reserve during the battle of Resaca. The 79th marched with its corps to reserve during the battle of Resaca. The 79th marched with its corps to Calhoun, Adairsville, Kingston and Cassville, encountering severe skirmishing at all these points, and crossed the Etowah river on the 23rd of May. The regiment was in the fight at New Hope Church and Pickett's Mills, and accompanied the main column to Pine-top Mountain, Lost Mountain and Kenesaw. Here it took part in the skirmishing that preceded the evacuation of that stronghold. It then marched to Marietta, and the Chattahoochee river, crossing the river on the 14th of July. The 79th effected the first crossing of Peach Tree Creek, capturing the rebel works and many prisoners. It was present and on active duty during the siege of Atlanta, from July 22nd and until August 24th, when it moved with the main army to the south of Atlanta, on the Macon Railroad, and was engaged in the actions of Jonesboro and Lovejoy's station, Sept. 1st and 2nd. The regiment then returned to Atlanta, arriving there on the 7th, and remained in camp until the 3rd of October. At that time the regiment marched with its corps in pursuit of Hood until it reached Gaylesville, Ala., where it was detached from Sherman's army and sent to support Major General Thomas, detached from Sherman's army and sent to support Major General Thomas, then commanding at Nashville.

then commanding at Nashville.

The 79th marched with its corps through Chattanooga to Athens, Ala., and from thence to Pulaski, Tenn., arriving there on Nov. 1st. Here it was employed in fortifying. On the approach of the rebel army, under Gen. Hood, it fell back to Columbia, Springfield and Franklin, where, during the battle, its division formed the reserve. The regiment arrived, with its corps, in front of Nashville on the 1st of December, and took position in the fortifications until the battle of Nashville. During this battle it was present at the storming of Overton Hill, which was captured, with 9 pieces of artillery, by a portion of the brigade to which it was attached. The regiment then took part in the pursuit of the rebel army, moving through Brentwood, Franklin, Spring Hill, Columbia and Pulaski, Tenn. to Huntsville, Ala., where it arrived on the 6th of January, 1865. It remained in camp at Huntsville until March 17th, and the then moved by rail to East Tennessee, for the purpose of participating in the contemplated advance upon Richmond, Va., by the army of Gen. Thomas.

Disembarking at Morristown, Tenn., the command marched through Bull's Gap and Greenville to Jonesboro, Tenn., where the further movements of our army were arrested by the surrender of the rebel armies of Virginia.

The 79th then marched back to Nashville, arriving there on the 26th of April, and remained in camp at that place until the 5th of June, when it was ordered to proceed home for discharge; and starting at once, reached Indianapolis on the 7th of June. It was present at a grand ovation given to Indiana veterans at the Capitol grounds on the 11th, welcomed by kind words from

Governor Morton, Gen. Hovey and others, greeted cordially by the citizens and upon the 11th of June, 1865, finally discharged.

The 79th during its term of service, has been constantly in the field, upon active campaigns — never having been detailed for garrison duty. It has captured, according to official reports, and it is credited with 18 pieces of

has captured, according to official reports, and it is credited with 18 pieces of artillery and over 1000 prisoners.

Editorial Note, 79th Indiana. Although the 79th entered the conflict almost a year after many of the other 3 year regiments, it saw action in almost every major campaign and battle in the western theatre of the War. A regiment that could list in its itinerary the battles of Perryville, Stones River, Chickamauga, Missionary Ridge, the Atlanta Campaign, Franklin, and Nashville, was most certainly a "fighting regiment". Dr. William G. McFadden (the man who voted AGAINST the Boggstown Resolutions!) was a surgeon with the 79th during the entire period of this regiment's service. He was captured at Chickamauga and for a short time was a prisoner of the rebels. The other at Chickamauga and for a short time was a prisoner of the rebels. The other officers and men enlisted in the 79th from Shelby County were enrolled in Co. E. John N. Scott was the captain until April of 1864, when Lumen Jones took over the position and headed the company for the balance of the War.

TWENTY-FIRST REGIMENT HUNDRED THE NINTH CAVALRY

The 9th Cavalry, 121st Regiment, recruited during the fall and winter of 1863, was organized as a regiment on the 1st of March, 1864, at Indianapolis, with George W. Jackson as Colonel, and remained in the State, under drill, with George W. Jackson as Colonel, and remained in the State, under drill, until the 3rd of May. Without completing the mount (partially accomplished) the regiment, armed with Enfield rifles, left the State on the 3rd of May, and proceeded to Nashville, by rail, and thence to Pulaski, Tenn., where it was kept on post duty until the 23rd of November. During this time, it participated in skirmishes incident to the Forrest and Wheeler campaigns of that period. On the 25th of Scpt., 1864, a portion of there regiment, under the command of Major Lilly, was in an engagement at Sulphur Trestle, Alabama, with Forrest, losing 120 in killed, wounded and missing.

At the time of the opening of Hood's campaign in Tennessee, the regiment fell back from Pulaski to Nashville, and was immediately mounted and sent to the front. On Dec. 17th, in an engagement with Forrest's cavalry at Frank-

lin, it lost 26 men and officers killed, wounded and prisoners. After the defeat of Hood's army and its retreat form the State, the regiment went into winter quarters at Gravelly Springs, Ala., remaining there until Febr., 1865, when it embarked on transports for New Orleans, arriving there March 10. At that place the brigade was broken up, and the 9th cavalry turning over its horses, left on steamer and arrived at Vicksburg on March 25. It remained here until the 3rd of May, when it was again mounted and did garrison duty in the interior of the State of Mississippi. It was mustered out of service on August 28, 1865. On the 26th of April, 1865, by the explosion of the steamer Sultana on the Mississippi, the 9th lost 55 men. Those who were saved from the steamer reached Indianapolis early in May, and were there mustered out as paroled prisoners, under instructions from the War Department.

THIRTY-FIRST REGIMENT THE HUNDRED THIRTEENTH CAVALRY

THIRTEENTH CAVALRY

The Thirteenth Cavalry, One Hundred and Thirty-First Regiment, was the last cavalry organization raised in the State. Recruiting for the companies composing the regiment was commenced in September, 1863, and continued during the fall and winter of that year. On the 29th of April, 1864, the organization of the regiment was completed, by its muster into service, with Gilbert M. L. Johnson as Colonel. On the 30th of the same month it left Indianapolis, dismounted and with infantry arms and accoutrements, for Nashville, Tennessee. The regiment remained in camp of instruction at that place until the 31st of May, when it was ordered to Huntsville, Alabama, for the purpose of garrisoning that post. During the stay of the command at that place, it was engaged in several skirmishes with prowling bands of rebel cavalry, and on the 1st of October, held the place against the entire command of the rebel General Buford.

On the 16th of October, companies "A", "C", "D", "F", "H", and "I", under the command of Colonel Johnson, proceeded to Louisville, Kentucky, for the purpose of drawing horses and equipment for the entire command. Upon their arrival there, the companies were ordered to Paducah, under command of Major Moore, to assist in repelling an attack of General Forrest. Leaving Paducah on the 1st of November, they returned to Louisville, where the object of their mission was completed, and the line of march was taken up for Nashville, at which point the remaining companies from Huntsville, reported to Regimental headquarters. On the 30th of November, companies "A", "C", "D", "F", "H", and "I", fully mounted and equipped, under command of Colonel Johnson, proceeded to Lavergne, under orders from General Thomas to watch the movements of Hood's army, then advancing on Nashville. These companies being cut off from the line of retreat, retired, in obedience to orders from General Wilson, upon Murfreesboro, reporting to General Rousseau, under whose direction they participated in the battle of Overall's Cr

Wilkinson's Pike, and twelve different skirmishes with the enemy with a loss of sixty-five men killed and wounded, and two men missing, from an aggregate present for duty of three hundred and twenty-five. During the same period companies "B", "E", "G", "K", "L", and "M", left at Nashville, under command of Lieutenant Colonel Pepper, participated, dismounted, in the battle of Nashville on the 15th and 16th of December, immediately after which they were joined by the other six companies from Murfreesboro. After effecting an exchange of arms and procurring an entire re-mount, the regiment was assigned to the 2nd Brigade, 7th Division of the Cavalry Corps of the Military Division of the Mississippi, Colonel Johnson commanding the brigade.

On the 11th of February, 1865, the Thirteenth Cavalry embarked on transports for New Orleans, but disembarked at Vicksburg, under the orders of General Canby, to prepare for a raid on the Mobile and Ohio Railroad. These orders being countermanded, the regiment left Vicksburg on transports on the 6th of March, for its original destination, and, on arriving at New Orleans, re-embarked for Navy Cove, Mobile Bay, where it reported to General Canby, and assisted in the operations against the forts and defenses of Mobile. It was also engaged in running a courier line to Florida, connecting with General Asboth. After the fall of Mobile, under command of General Grierson, the regiment was placed in condition for a long march, and, on the 17th of April, started on a raid of some eight hundred miles through the States of Alabama, Georgia and Mississippi, arriving at Columbus, in the latter State, on the 22nd of May. From thence it proceeded to Macon, Mississippi, garrisoning that point and the line of railroad, sixty miles in extent, and taking possession of immense quantities of captured commissary quartermaster and ordinance stores and ordinance. On the 6th of June, the regiment returned to Columbus, Mississippi, and remained there until orders were received for muster-out, then it proceeded to Vicksburg, where it was mustered out of the service on the 18th of November, 1865. Proceeding homeward, it reached Indianapolis on the 25th of November, with twenty-three officers and six hundred and thirty-three men, for final discharge, and, on that day, partook of a substantial dinner at the Soldier's Home, after which the regiment marched to the State House, where it was publicly received by an assemblage of citizens. Lieutenant Governor Baker, in an appropriate speech, welcomed the soldiers home. He was followed by General Thomas W. Bennett,

welcomed the soldiers home. He was followed by General Thomas W. Bennett, after which General G. M. L. Johnson, Lieutenant Colonel Moore and Captain Walls responded in behalf of the regiment.

In June, 1865, Colonel Johnson was assigned to the command of the sub-district of north-east Mississippi, and from that date until the muster-out of the regiment, Colonel Johnson held this important command, the immediate command of the regiment devolving upon Lieutenant Colonel Moore. On the 25th of September, 1865, in consideration of meritorious services rendered, Colonel Johnson was promoted to the rank of Brevet Brigadier General.

THE HUNDRED THIRTY-SECOND REGIMENT - 100 DAYS

The Governors of Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, and Wisconsin having offered to raise for the service of the General Government a force of Volunteers to serve for one hundred days, Governor Morton, on the 23rd of April, 1864, issued his call for Indiana's proportion of that force. The troops thus raised were to perform such military services as might be required of them in any State, and were to be armed, subsisted, clothed and paid by the United States, but were not to receive any bounty. These troops were designed to aid in making the campaign of 1864 successful and decisive, by relieving a large number of veterans from garrison and guard duty, and allow them to join their companions in arms, then about entering upon one of the most active and important campaigns of the war. Their places were filled by the One Hundred Days Men as fast as the latter could be organized into regiments and sent forward from the camps of rendezvous. The organizations from Indiana consisted of eight regiments, numbered consecutively from the One Hundred and Thirty-Second to the One Hundred and Thirty-Ninth, inclusive.

The One Hundred and Thirty-Second Regiment was organized at Indianapolis on the 17th day of May, 1864, and mustered into service on the 18th day of May, 1864, with Samuel C. Vance as Colonel, and departed at once for Tennessee. Seven companies of the regiment were raised in Indianapolis and vicinity, one company at Shelbyville, one at Franklin, and one at Danville.

Each of these regiments, on arriving at Nashville, was assigned to duty at different places along the lines of the Nashville and Chattanooga, Tennessee and Alabama and Memphis and Charleston Railroads, and until the latter part of August, 1864, were kept constantly engaged in guarding these lines of communication, used by General Sherman for the transportation of supplies to his army then advancing on Atlanta. The regiments all served beyond the period of one hundred days and returned to Indianapolis where they were finally discharged from service.

"SOLDERS HERE TO-DAY."

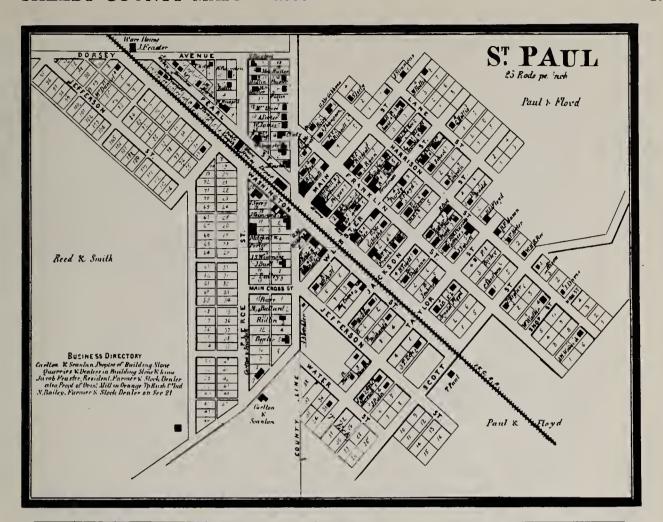
Soldiers and saviors of the homes we love;

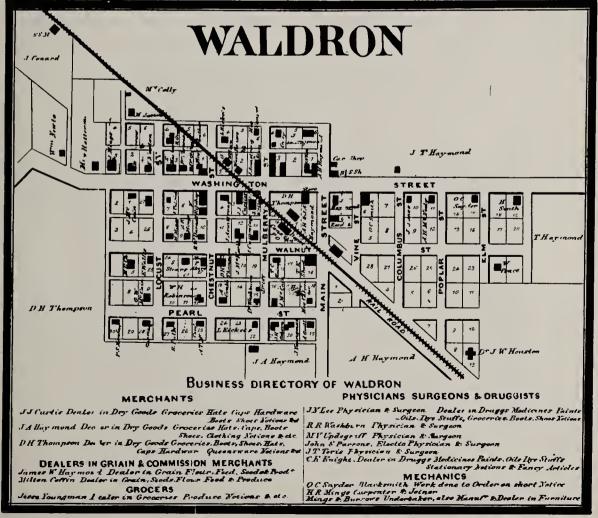
Heroes and patriots who marched away,

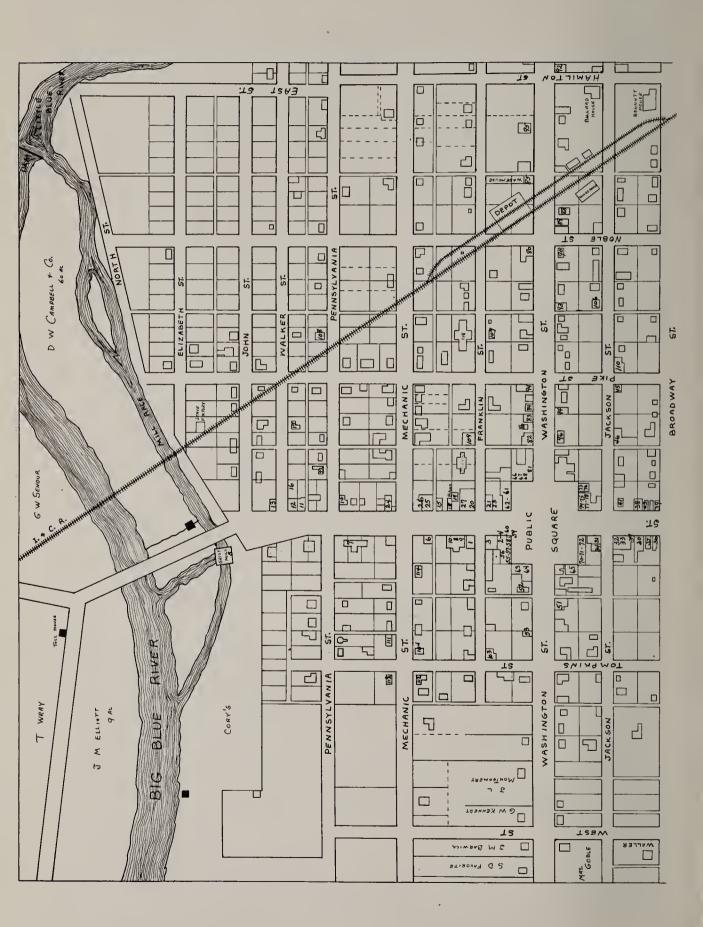
And who marched back, and who marched on above -

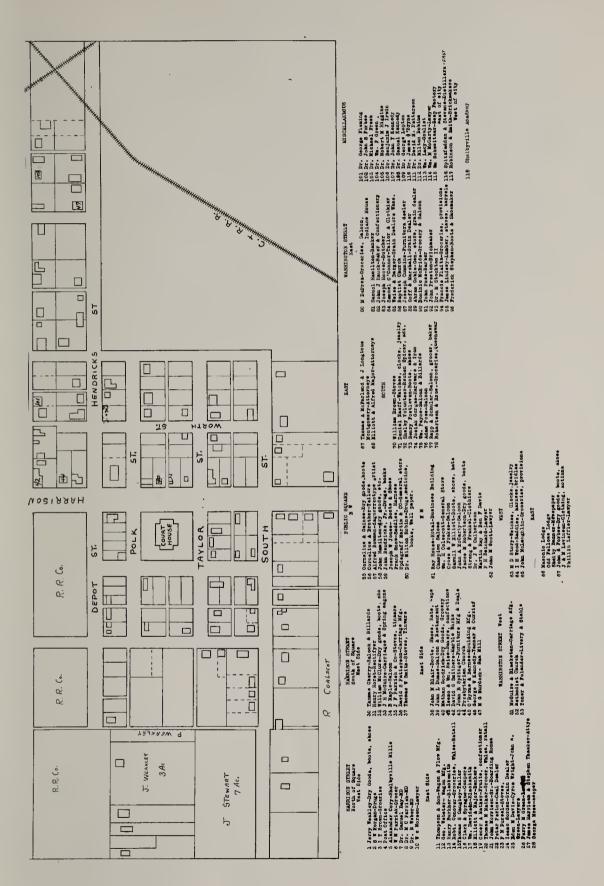
All — all are here to-day!

James Whitcomb Riley

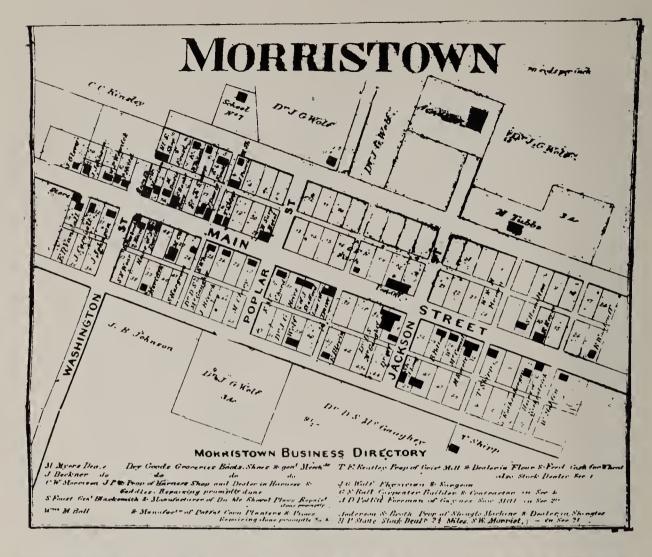


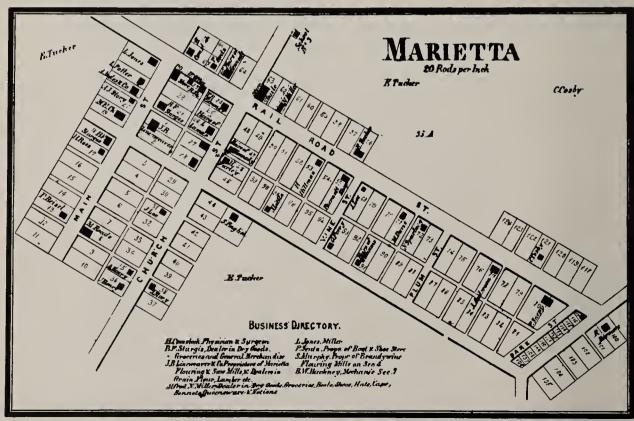


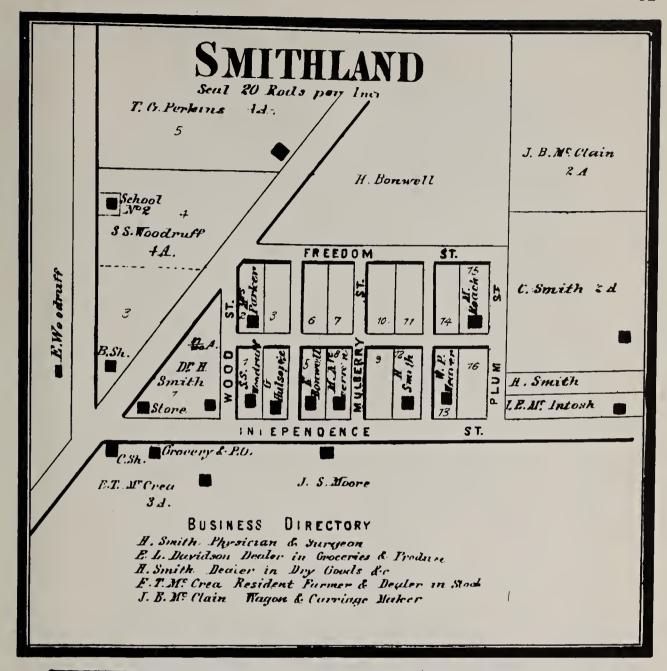


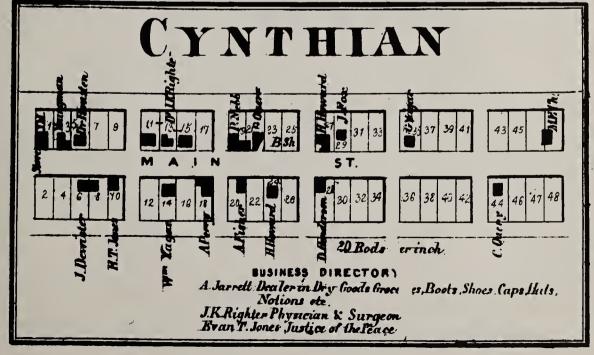


(Drawn By C. R. Molder)

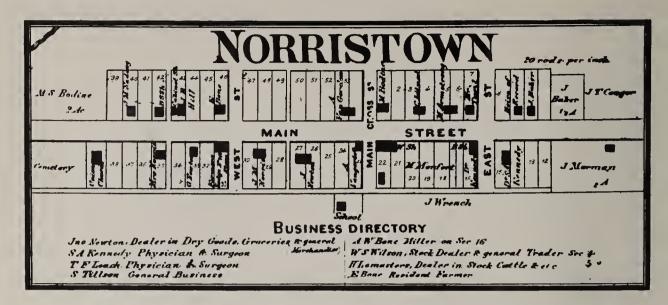


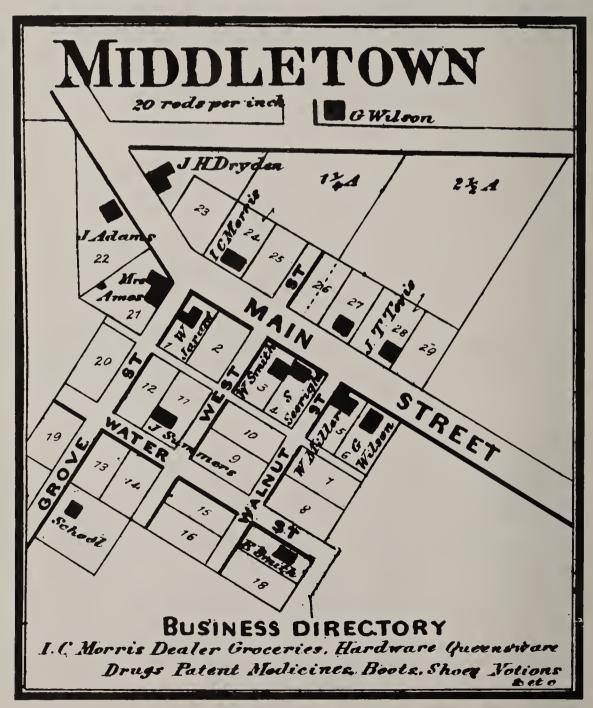


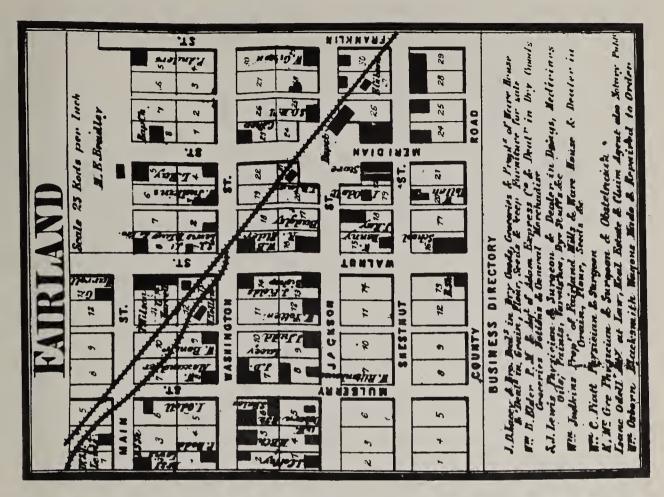


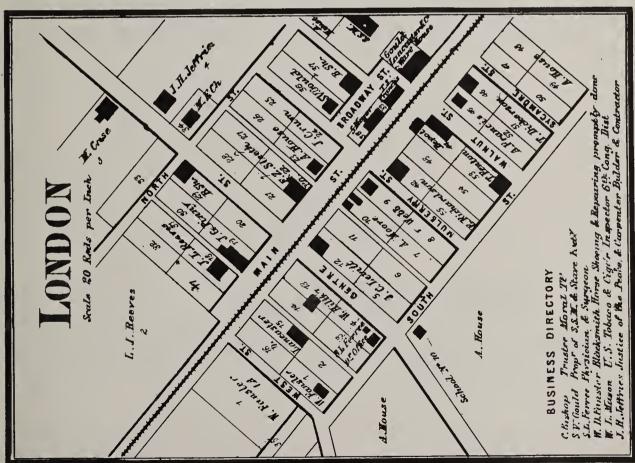


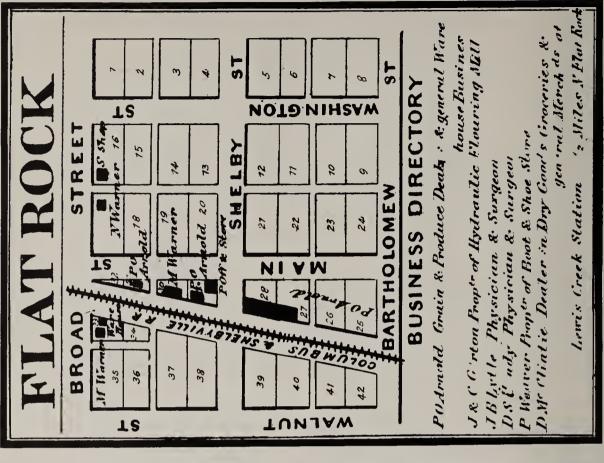
(Note: Cynthian is now Blue Ridge)

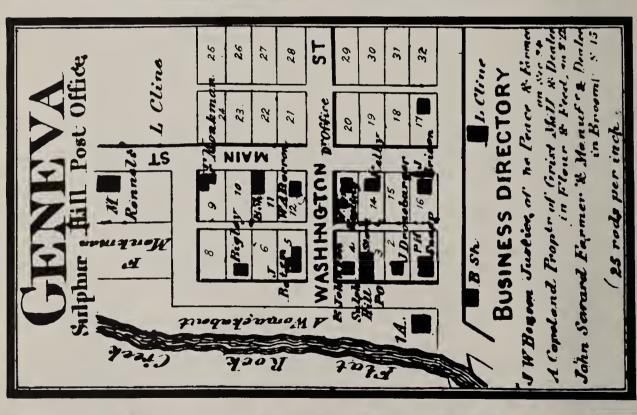


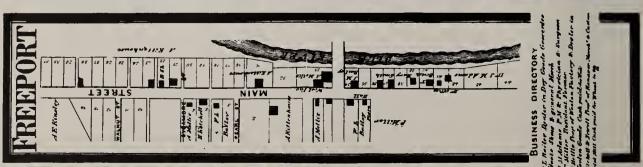


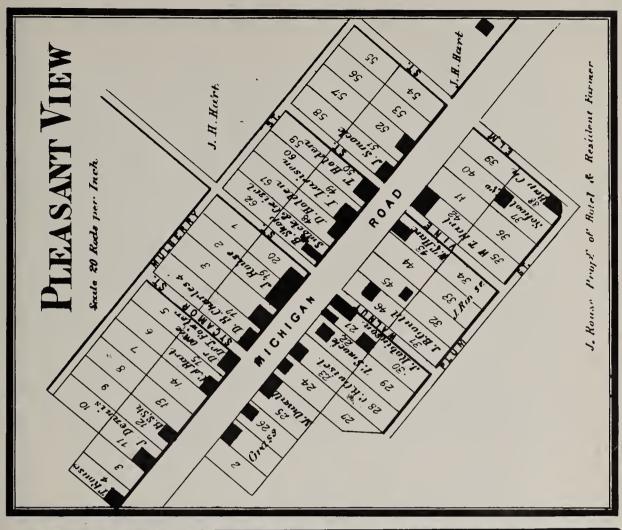


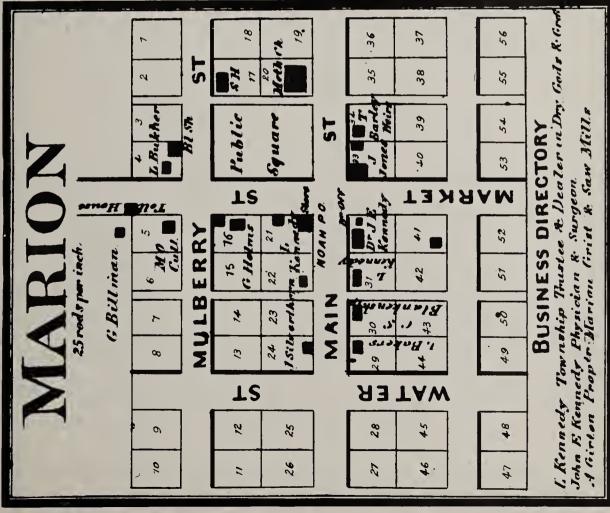


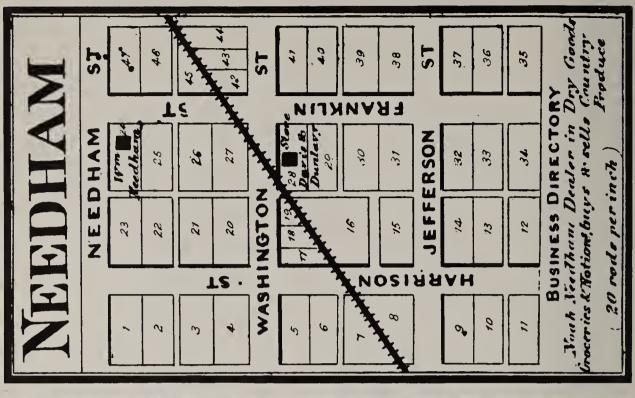


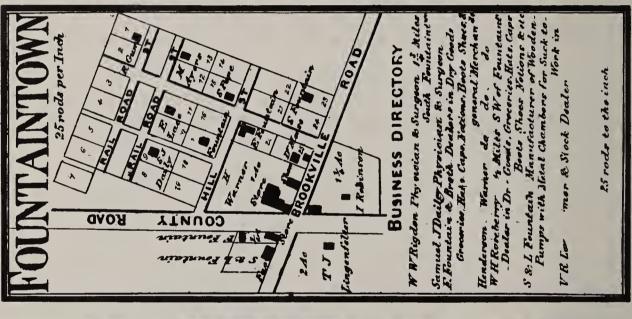


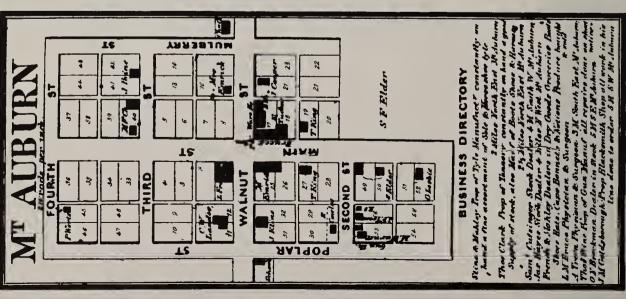


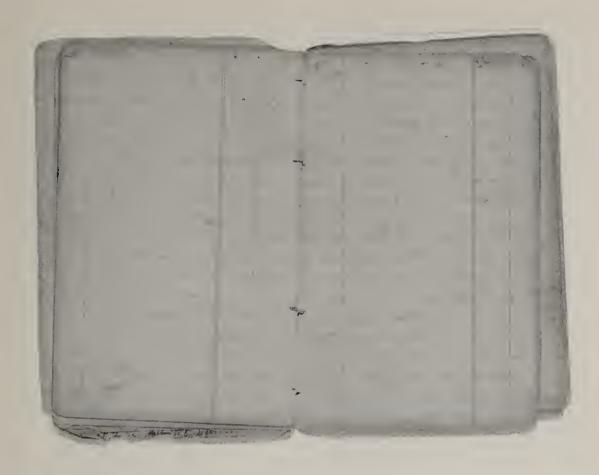












Editorial Note:—Reprinted here is an excerpt from the diary of Sgt. (later Lt.) David Fately, a Flat Rock soldier in Co. D, 33rd Indiana. This was written on March 9 and 10, 1863, near Tullahoma, Tennessee, shortly after the battle of Thompson's Station, in which the Union forces were captured, and Fateley made prisoner. Reading of this passage should give us a clearer conception than we might otherwise have, of the suffering and hardships endured by the Boys in Blue in their efforts to save the Union.

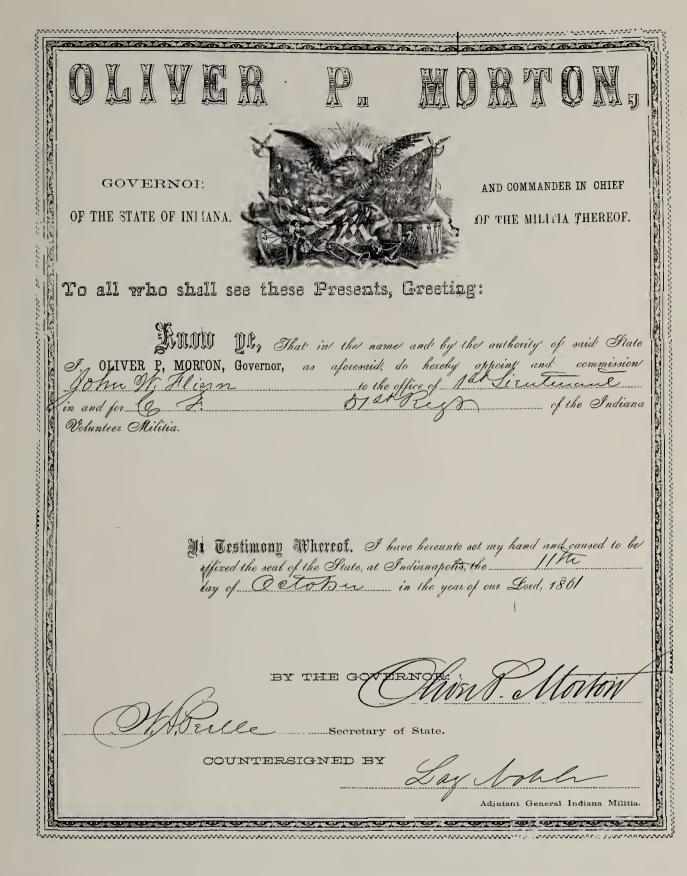
The Passage:—"We were then kept in the court yard til noon before we got any thing to eat then we got two days rations of corn bread & fat meat & started for Tullahoma we came 9 miles & camped in a cedar grove we lay down to sleep at 9 & rested well til 3 when it commenced to rain & it just kept it up we got up & stood around our fires til 7 o'clock when we started on we have 12 miles to go yet it rained as hard as it could we had to cross five or six creeks & had to wade them I never saw such roads & never had such a time We got to Tullahoma at 4 & were wet tired and hungry & were put in a lot where the mud was shoe mouth deep & it pooring it down as fast as it could we only had a few sticks of green oak wood & we started a fire & crowded around it I have seen a great many sights but this beat all of them we had nothing to eat but meal & a little bacon we made some mush in our tin cups & ate it with our fat meat this was the best we could do I never saw men suffer as we do but you never hear a murmur out of us."



The only known photo of a Shelby County Civil War Soldier in uniform. The above is Sampson Meiks listed in the Roster of Volunteers on page 20.

An authentic reproduction of an original wood cut depicting Capt. Jack Flynn. This is the only picture of Shelby County's most famous Civil War Soldier. See story on page 4.





A reproduction of the original commission naming Jack Flynn as a Lieutenant and signed by the governor of Indiana.



Excerpts from the Poem

"RETROSPECTION"

by William R. Hartpence Sgt. Major, 51st Indiana

"A vision floats before me, a phantom troop goes by, With bayonets glistening brightly, and banners waving high: Down to the fields of strife they go, with proud and gallant tread; Down to the feast of carnage—to the harvest of the dead.

We marched and bunked together, on the mountain-side and plain; On barks of trees we made our beds at Shiloh, in the rain; You nursed me in my sickness, and brought me back to life; Your cheers inspired my courage, in the din and heat of strife;

And so, my grizzled comrade, as we near life's ragged edge, I warm to you, and here renew, our old fraternal pledge. Our tramping days are nearly done; our sun is in the west; We're nearing camp;—I see the light! We soon will take our rest:

So, here's a health to you and yours, my comrades true and brave,—To the dear old flag we love so much,—forever may it wave!











